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Jan Delayal

Ibron's

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 20 Dec 2001 VOL 135 ISS 26 FILE LAST UPDATED: 18 Dec 2001 (20011218/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

This file supports REGISTRY for direct browsing and searching of all substance data from the REGISTRY file. Enter HELP FIRST for more information.

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CAS roles have been modified effective December 16, 2001. Please check your SDI profiles to see if they need to be revised. For information on CAS roles, enter HELP ROLES at an arrow prompt or use the CAS Roles thesaurus (/RL field) in this file.

## => d his

L11 L12

L13

L14 L15 (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 06:57:03 ON 20 DEC 2001)
SET COST OFF

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               1 S E3, E4
L1
                 E NOJIRI H/AU
            123 S E3, E12, E13
L2
                 E HIROSHI N/AU
                 E NONOMURA M/AU
             10 S E3, E7
L3
                 E MAMI N/AU
                 E HORI K/AU
1.4
            192 S E3, E4, E80
                 E KIMIHIKO H/AU
                 E KAO/PA, CS
L5
          10785 S E33-E94
           3728 S E3, E4 NOT L5
L6
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L8
               5 S E3 AND TRIMETHYL
               1 S L8 NOT (D/ELS OR LABELED)
L9
               1 S 57-13-6
L10
               3 S 50-21-5 OR 10326-41-7 OR 79-33-4 OR 10326-41-7
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21 S E3 AND NC4/ES AND PROLINE

4 S L13 AND 5 OXO NOT (LABELED OR (D OR T)/ELS OR 11C# OR 13C# OR

1 S 98-79-3 E C5H7NO3/MF

3 S L14 NOT 15N

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              1 S E3
                E HOMARINE/CN
L17
              1 S E3
                E TRIGONELLINE/CN
L18
              1 S E3
                E .BETA.-ALANINEBETAINE/CN
                  .BETA.-ALANINE-\BETAINE/CN
                  .BETA.-ALANINE-BETAINE/CN
                E ALANINEBETAINE
L19
              1 S E3
                E CARNITINE/CN
L20
              1 S E3
                E HOMOSERINEBETAINE/CN
                E HOMOSERINEBETAINE
                E HOMOSERINE BETAINE/CN
L21
              1 S E3
                E ANTOPREURINE/CN
                E ANTOPREURINE
                E VALINEBETAINE/CN
                E VALINEBETAINE
                E VALINE BETAINE/CN
                E LYSINEBETAINE/CN
                E LYSINE BETAINE/CN
L22
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                E ORNITHINE BETAINE/CN
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                E TAUROBETAINE/CN
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                E BETAINE GLUTAMATE/CN
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                E GLUTAMATE BETAINE/CN
                  GLUTAMATEBETAINE/CN
                E PHENYLALANINE BETAINE/CN
L24
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                E C6H13NO2/MF
L25
              6 S E3 AND IUM
              1 S L25 AND 2 CARBOXY
L26
                E C8H17NO2/MF
L27
              3 S E3 AND IUM AND TRIMETHYL
L28
              1 S 170941-91-0
                E C8H18N2O2/MF
L29
              5 S E3 AND IUM AND TRIMETHYL
              2 S L29 AND 4 AMINO
L30
L31
              1 S 66101-16-4
                E C8H15NO4/MF
              5 S E3 AND IUM AND TRIMETHYL
L32
                E C8H16N2O3/MF
              4 S E3 AND IUM AND TRIMETHYL
L33
L34
              1 S L32 AND AMMON?
L35
             41 S (LYSINE OR HISTIDINE OR ARGININE OR ORNITHINE OR GLUTAMINE OR
                  (DL-LYSINE OR DL-HISTIDINE OR DL-ARGININE OR DL-ORNITHINE OR
L36
             13 S (DL-ASPARTIC ACID OR DL-SERINE OR DL-ALANINE OR DL-LEUCINE OR
L37
             13 S (L-ASPARTIC ACID OR L-SERINE OR L-ALANINE OR L-LEUCINE OR L-I
L38
L39
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                E CARNAVALINE/CN
L42
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                E C18H37NO2/MF
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L43
             89 S L35-L43, L12, L15, L11, L10, L7, L9, L16-L24, L28, L30, L31, L34
L44
                SEL RN
L45
          16552 S E1-E89/CRN
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1259 S L45 AND (NA OR K OR CA OR MG)/ELS
L46
            623 S L46 NOT (PMS OR MXS OR MNS OR IDS)/CI
L47
            132 S L47 NOT SALT
L48
            491 S L47 NOT L48
L49
L50
            183 S L49 AND COMPD
L51
             23 S L49 AND UNSPECIFIED
L52
            285 S L49 NOT L50, L51
L53
            185 S L52 AND 2/NC
L54
            100 S L52 NOT L53
             84 S L54 NOT (PB OR AL OR BI OR P OR ZR OR SR)/ELS
L55
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L56
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:48:58 ON 20 DEC 2001
         813206 S AMINO ACID OR AMINOACID OR LACTIC ACID OR UREA OR ?BETAINE? O
L57
L58
         295775 S L44, L56
L59
         937854 S L57 OR L58
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:52:22 ON 20 DEC 2001
L60
              7 S (NEROLIDOL OR CEDROL OR GUAIOL OR VETIVEROL OR SANTALOL OR PA
                E C15H26O/MF
L61
             10 S E3 AND 1 6 10 DODECATRIEN 3 OL AND 3 7 11 TRIMETHYL
              9 S L61 NOT 13C#
L62
                E C15H26O/MF
L63
              7 S E3 AND 1 6 METHANONAPHTHALEN AND OCTAHYDRO AND TETRAMETHYL
                E C15H20O/MF
                E C15H26O/MF
L64
             22 S E3 AND 5 AZULENEMETHANOL AND OCTAHYDRO AND 3 8 TETRAMETHYL
             21 S L64 AND ALPHA ALPHA
L65
             14 S L65 NOT 8A
L66
L67
              7 S L66 NOT 3A
L68
              6 S L67 NOT IDS/CI
                E C15H26O/MF
              7 S E3 AND METHANOAZULEN 6 OL AND OCTAHYDRO AND TETRAMETHYL
L69
             31 S L60, L62, L63, L68, L69
L70
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:01:57 ON 20 DEC 2001
L71
             71 S L70 AND L59
             76 S (NEROLIDOL OR CEDROL OR GUAIOL OR VETIVEROL OR SANTALOL OR PA
L72
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:03:30 ON 20 DEC 2001
L73
              4 S (MENTHOL OR THYMOL OR GINGEROL)/CN
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:04:35 ON 20 DEC 2001
L74
            424 S L73 AND L59
L75
            957 S (MENTHOL OR THYMOL OR GINGEROL) AND L59
L76
           7787 S (CEDAR OR PATCHOUL? OR SANDALWOOD OR SANDAL WOOD OR VETIVER O
L77
           4950 S (CEDRUS OR POGOSTEMON OR SANTALACEAE OR OSYRIS OR VETIVERIA O
L78
            410 S (THEA OR THEACEAE OR GUAIACUM OR GUAIAC?) AND L59
L79
          13685 S L71, L72, L74-L78
L80
              1 S L2-L4 AND L79
L81
             38 S L5, L6 AND L79
L82
             25 S L81 AND COSMETIC#/SC, SX
L83
             10 S L81 AND COSMETIC#/CW
L84
              3 S L82, L83 AND MOISTUR?
L85
              2 S L84 NOT SEAWEED
L86
             36 S L81 NOT L85
L87
              8 S L86 AND (SKIN OR HAIR OR ANTAGING OR UREA OR ARGININE)/TI
L88
              1 S L87 AND UREA AND PLANT EXTRACT
L89
              3 S L85, L88
L90
            526 S L79 AND COSMETIC#/SC, SX, CW
                E COSMETICS/CT
                E E3+ALL
L91
            251 S L79 AND E2,E1,E5,E7-E10,E13,E30,E32,E33,E36,E41,E42,E43,E44,E
                E SKIN/CT
                E E3+ALL
L92
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305 S L79 AND E4, E10-E37

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L93
            780 S L90, L91, L92
            125 S L93 AND ESSENTIAL(L)OIL
L94
              5 S L93 AND SESQUITERPEN?
L95
             69 S L94 AND ALCOHOL
L96
            330 S L93 AND L44,L56
L97
             73 S L97 AND L94
L98
              3 S L98 AND L71,L72
L99
             65 S L98 AND P/DT
L100
             14 S L100 AND A61K007-48/IC, ICM, ICS
L101
             16 S L89, L101
L102
             14 S L94, L95, L96 AND L102
L103
L104
              2 S L102 NOT L103
L105
             16 S L104, L103
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:29:08 ON 20 DEC 2001
=> d all hitstr tot 1105
L105 ANSWER 1 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
     2001:676570 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     135:215787
     Cosmetic and dermatological composition for psoriatic skin, scalp
ΤI
     treatment and care
     Bodnar, Tibor; Bodrogi, Lajos; Horvath, Eszter; Bodrogi, Viktor
IN
PA
     Hung.
     PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
     A61K007-48; A61K035-78
IC
     62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 63
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                              DATE
     WO 2001066079
                      A1 20010913
                                           WO 2001-HU26
                                                             20010228
PΙ
            AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,
             HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,
             LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,
             SD, SE, SG
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
             BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRAI HU 2000-1080
                       Α
                             20000308
     Cosmetic and dermatol. compns. for psoriatic skin and scalp treatment
     contain e.g., 0.1-8% aq.-alc. ext. of the mixt. comprising,
     e.g., nettle, Chelidonium, 0.1-5.0% thyme and lemon oils, 0.5-8%
     corn germ oil, 0.2-6\% salts of natural origin, 0.3-10\% propolis ext. and
     0.1-8% tocopherol acetate and d-panthenol. The compns. further contain
     additives, e.g., foaming agent which is at the same time a stabilizer,
     0.5-10.0% bees wax and 1-15% skin softener and hydrating substance, and
     preservatives. Thus, a hair balm contained SLS 5.00, ethoxylated castor
     oil 2.40, Cetomacrogol 3.00, wax 2.00, cocoa butter 15.00, urea
     1.00, mixt. of natural salts 6.00, Thyme oil 5.00, lemon oil
     0.10, tea tree oil 5.00, 10 herb exts. (e.g., mixt. of exts. of
     Chelidonium, nettle, etc.,), vitamin E 0.30, vitamin A palmitate 0.20,
     water 34.90, propolis ext. 10.000, and preservative 0.10%.
     cosmetic psoriasis skin; scalp cosmetic herb ext salt; tocopherol cosmetic
ST
     psoriasis skin
IT
     Essential oils
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (Melaleuca; cosmetic and dermatol. compn. for psoriatic skin and scalp
        treatment)
```

IT

Oak (Quercus)

```
Willow (Salix)
        (bark exts.; cosmetic and dermatol. compn. for psoriatic skin and scalp
        treatment)
IT
    Essential oils
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (clove; cosmetic and dermatol. compn. for psoriatic skin and scalp
        treatment)
IT
    Beeswax
      Cosmetics
    Emulsifying agents
    Foaming agents
    Hair preparations
    Preservatives
     Psoriasis
      Scalp
    Shampoos
      Skin
    Stabilizing agents
        (cosmetic and dermatol. compn. for psoriatic skin and scalp treatment)
ΙT
    Castor oil
    Cocoa butter
    Corn oil
     Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
    Glycerides, biological studies
    Glycerophospholipids
    Hydrocarbons, biological studies
    Lanolin
    Linseed oil
    Salts, biological studies
    Soaps
    Sterols
    Sunflower oil
    Waxes
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (cosmetic and dermatol. compn. for psoriatic skin and scalp treatment)
ΙT
    Calendula
     Chamomile
    Chelidonium
    Chelidonium majus
    Dandelion
     Dill
    Marigold
    Matricaria recutita
    Nettle
     Parsley (Petroselinum crispum)
     Propolis
     Yarrow (Achillea)
        (exts.; cosmetic and dermatol. compn. for psoriatic skin and scalp
        treatment)
ΙT
    Alcohols, biological studies
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (fatty; cosmetic and dermatol. compn. for psoriatic skin and scalp
        treatment)
IT
     Bath preparations
        (gels; cosmetic and dermatol. compn. for psoriatic skin and scalp
        treatment)
IT
     Essential oils
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (lemon; cosmetic and dermatol. compn. for psoriatic skin and scalp
        treatment)
IT
     Cosmetics
```

(lotions; cosmetic and dermatol. compn. for psoriatic skin and scalp

```
treatment)
TT
    Emulsifying agents
        (nonionic; cosmetic and dermatol. compn. for psoriatic skin and scalp
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
        (ointments; cosmetic and dermatol. compn. for psoriatic skin and scalp
        treatment)
     Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
ΙT
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (pumpkin seed; cosmetic and dermatol. compn. for psoriatic skin and
        scalp treatment)
TΤ
    Essential oils
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (thyme, Thymus vulgaris; cosmetic and dermatol.
        compn. for psoriatic skin and scalp treatment)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (topical; cosmetic and dermatol. compn. for psoriatic skin and scalp
        treatment)
     Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
ΙT
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (vegetable; cosmetic and dermatol. compn. for psoriatic skin and scalp
        treatment)
    57-13-6, Urea, biological studies
                                        58-95-7, Tocopherol
IΤ
                                     97-59-6, Allantoin
                                                           112-80-1D, Oleic
    acetate
               81-13-0, D-Panthenol
    acid, esters
                   151-21-3, Sodium lauryl sulfate, biological studies
    2235-54-3, Ammonium lauryl sulfate
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (cosmetic and dermatol. compn. for psoriatic skin and scalp treatment)
RE.CNT
RE
(1) Angeli, T; WO 9115218 A 1991
(2) Dibart, J; DE 19615293 A 1997
(3) FOrster, K; DE 19800982 A 1999 HCAPLUS
(4) Fischer, U; DE 19729143 A 1999
(5) Horvath, F; US 5165932 A 1992
(6) Pretorius, M; ZA 9610264 A 1998
    57-13-6, Urea, biological studies
ΙT
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (cosmetic and dermatol. compn. for psoriatic skin and scalp treatment)
     57-13-6 HCAPLUS
RN
     Urea (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
H2N-C-NH2
L105 ANSWER 2 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
     2001:635857
                 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     135:200186
ΤI
     Gelled aqueous cosmetic compositions
     Zecchino, Jules; Matathia, Michelle; Knight, E. Althea; Harrison, James T.
IN
PΑ
     Color Access, Inc., USA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 14 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
IC
     ICM A61K007-00
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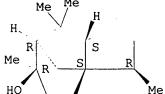
ICS

A61K007-48

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CC
     62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
     Section cross-reference(s): 63
FAN.CNT 1
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                                            DATE
    PATENT NO.
     _____
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    WO 2001062214
                           20010830
                                           WO 2001-US5422
                                                            20010220
PT
                     Al
        W: AU, CA, CN, JP, KR
        RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
             PT, SE, TR
PRAI US 2000-510756
                      А
                            20000222
    The invention relates to cosmetic or pharmaceutical compn. comprising an
    oil-contg. biliquid foam dispersed in a salt-contg. aq. phase, in which
    the aq. phase, having a pH of <7, is gelled by a polymeric sulfonic acid.
    A particularly preferred gellant is ammonium poly(acryldimethyltauramide-
    covinylformamide). Unlike many other types of gels, these gels are stable
    at an acid pH in the presence of substantial amts. of electrolytes, and
    therefore are useful in delivering acidic active components. A skin-care
    product contained deionized water qs and Aristoflex AVCO 2.00% by wt. in
    phase I, Mg ascorbyl phosphate 0.01, TiO2 0.01, lactic
    acid 4.00, N-acetylglucosamine 1.00, green tea ext.
    0.10, and caffeine 0.10% in phase II, 30% NaOH 0.50% in phase III,
    grapefruit ext. 0.06 and lavender oil 0.04% in phase IV, vitamin E 0.20%
    in phase V, isoprene glycol 0.50 and Clary sage ext. 0.05% in phase VI,
    biliquid foam 60.00%.
    gel aq cosmetic polyacryldimethyltauramide polyvinylformamide
ST
ፐጥ
    Cyclosiloxanes
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (di-Me; gelled aq. cosmetic compns.)
TT
    Cosmetics
        (foams; gelled aq. cosmetic compns.)
IT
    Surfactants
        (gelled aq. cosmetic compns.)
IT
    Polysiloxanes, biological studies
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (gelled aq. cosmetic compns.)
IT
    Cosmetics
        (gels; gelled aq. cosmetic compns.)
    Carboxylic acids, biological studies
IT
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (hydroxy; gelled aq. cosmetic compns.)
ΙT
    Essential oils
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (lavender; gelled aq. cosmetic compns.)
IT
    50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies
     69-72-7, Salicylic acid, biological studies
                                                  77-92-9, Citric acid,
    biological studies
                         79-14-1, Glycolic acid, biological studies
                    6915-15-7, Malic acid 9005-64-5, Polysorbate 20
    Tartaric acid
                             195868-36-1, Phenyltrimethicone
    9006-65-9, Dimethicone
    Aristoflex AVCO
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (gelled aq. cosmetic compns.)
RE.CNT
RE
(1) Disperse Tech Ltd; GB 2310813 A 1997 HCAPLUS
(2) Disperse Tech Ltd; WO 9905229 A 1999 HCAPLUS
     50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies
ΙT
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (gelled aq. cosmetic compns.)
RN
     50-21-5 HCAPLUS
     Propanoic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
```

```
ОН
Me-CH-CO2H
L105 ANSWER 3 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
     2001:573225 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
    135:126959
ΤI
    Cosmetics containing moisturizers and sesquiterpene
    Nojiri, Hiroshi; Nonomura, Mami; Hori, Kimihiko
IN
PA
    Kao Corp., Japan
SO
    Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.
    CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
    Patent
LA
    Japanese
    ICM A61K007-48
IC
     ICS A61K007-00
CC
     62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
FAN.CNT 1
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                                            DATE
    PATENT NO.
     -----
                      ____
                           -----
                      A2
                            20010807
                                           JP 2000-20589
                                                            20000128
PΙ
    JP 2001213754
    US 2001019717
                      A1
                            20010906
                                           US 2001-765606
                                                            20010122
                                           EP 2001-1101645 20010126
    EP 1136062
                      A1
                           20010926
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
PRAI JP 2000-20589
                            20000128
                      Α
    This invention relates to cosmetics for improving skin conditions, such as
    dry skin and sensitive skin, comprising (1) moisturizers
    selected from the group consisting of amino acids (or
    salts), pyrrolidonecarboxylic acid (or salts)
    lactic acid (or salts), urea, and
    betaines and (2) sesquiterpene alcs. A lotion
    contained vetiver oil (vetiverol content 60 %) 2, Na
    pyrrolidonecarboxylate 1, POE sorbitan monolaurate 1.5, glycerin
     2, and distd. water q.s. to 100 %.
ST
    cosmetic moisturizer sesquiterpene alc;
    lotion vetiver oil pyrrolidonecarboxylate dry skin
ΙT
    Essential oils
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (cedarwood; cosmetics contg. moisturizers and
        sesquiterpene alcs.)
ΙT
    Amino acids, biological studies
      Betaines
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (cosmetics contg. moisturizers and sesquiterpene
        alcs.)
IT
    Cosmetics
        (creams; cosmetics contg. moisturizers and
        sesquiterpene alcs.)
IT
     Cosmetics
        (emulsions; cosmetics contg. moisturizers and
        sesquiterpene alcs.)
IT
    Essential oils
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (quaiac wood; cosmetics contg. moisturizers and
        sesquiterpene alcs.)
IT
     Sesquiterpenes
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
```

```
(Uses)
         (hydroxy; cosmetics contg. moisturizers and
         sesquiterpene alcs.)
 IT
      Cosmetics
         (lotions; cosmetics contg. moisturizers and
         sesquiterpene alcs.)
      Cosmetics
 IT
         (moisturizers; cosmetics contg. moisturizers and
         sesquiterpene alcs.)
 ΙT
      Essential oils
      RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
      (Uses)
         (patchouli; cosmetics contg. moisturizers and
         sesquiterpene alcs.)
 IT
      Amino acids, biological studies
      RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
      (Uses)
         (salts; cosmetics contg. moisturizers and
         sesquiterpene alcs.)
 TT
      Essential oils
      RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
      (Uses)
         (sandalwood; cosmetics contg. moisturizers and
         sesquiterpene alcs.)
· IT
      Essential oils
      RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
      (Uses)
         (vetiver; cosmetics contg. moisturizers and
         sesquiterpene alcs.)
      77-53-2, Cedrol 489-86-1, Guaiol
 IT
      11031-45-1, Santalol 68129-81-7,
      Vetiverol
      RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL
      (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); USES (Uses)
         (cosmetics contg. moisturizers and sesquiterpene
         alcs.)
      50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies
 IT
                                           72-17-3, Sodium
      57-13-6, Urea, biological studies
      lactate 74-79-3, L-Arginine, biological studies
      98-79-3, Pyrrolidonecarboxylic acid
      107-43-7, Glycinebetaine
                                 28874-51-3
      RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
      (Uses)
         (cosmetics contg. moisturizers and sesquiterpene
         alcs.)
      77-53-2, Cedrol 489-86-1, Guaiol
 ΙT
      11031-45-1, Santalol 68129-81-7,
      Vetiverol
      RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL
      (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); USES (Uses)
         (cosmetics contg. moisturizers and sesquiterpene
         alcs.)
 RN
      77-53-2 HCAPLUS
      1H-3a,7-Methanoazulen-6-ol, octahydro-3,6,8,8-tetramethyl-,
      (3R, 3aS, 6R, 7R, 8aS) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).
```



RN 489-86-1 HCAPLUS
CN 5-Azulenemethanol, 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8-octahydro-.alpha.,.alpha.,3,8tetramethyl-, (3S,5R,8S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 11031-45-1 HCAPLUS CN Santalol (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

RN 68129-81-7 HCAPLUS

CN Vetiverol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

IT 50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies
57-13-6, Urea, biological studies 74-79-3,
L-Arginine, biological studies 98-79-3,
Pyrrolidonecarboxylic acid 107-43-7,
Glycinebetaine

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cosmetics contg. moisturizers and sesquiterpene alcs.)

RN 50-21-5 HCAPLUS

CN Propanoic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 57-13-6 HCAPLUS CN Urea (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 74-79-3 HCAPLUS CN L-Arginine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

```
RN 98-79-3 HCAPLUS
CN L-Proline, 5-oxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

RN 107-43-7 HCAPLUS

CN Methanaminium, 1-carboxy-N,N,N-trimethyl-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me3+N-CH2-CO2-

```
L105 ANSWER 4 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
ΑN
     2001:283753 HCAPLUS
DN
     134:300647
     Cosmetic preparation of active substances with a synergistically increased
TΙ
     radical protection factor
ΙN
     Golz-Berner, Karin; Zastrow, Leonhard
PΑ
     Coty B.V., Neth.
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     German
IC
     ICM A61K007-42
     ICS A61K007-48; A61K007-00
CC
     62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
     WO 2001026617
                      A1
                            20010419
                                          WO 1999-DE3295
ΡI
         W: AU, BR, CA, CN, CZ, HU, IL, JP, MX, NZ, PL, TR, US, ZA
         RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
             PT, SE
                                           AU 1999-17507
     AU 9917507
                            20010423
                                                             19991008
                       Α1
```

The inventive cosmetic prepn. of active substances, as such as well as in combination with other active substances, protects the skin against free radical aggression in a particularly effective manner. The prepn. consists of a bark ext. of quebracho blanco which contains at least 90 wt. % of proanthocyanidin oligomers, a silkworm ext. which contains the peptide cecropine, amino acids and a vitamin mixt., a non-ionic, cationic or anionic hydro-gel, phopholipids, a yeast disintegration product and cyclodextrins. The inventive prepn. can contain addnl. active substances such as plant exts. of acerola, sea weed, citrus, bitter orange, cherry, papaya, tea, coffee beans, skin tree and angelica. The prepns. have synergistically increased radical

tree and angelica. The prepns. have synergistically increased radical protection factors of up to 10,000. Cosmetic compns. contg. said prepns. have radical protection factors of between 40 and 400 according to the portion of the prepn.

ST skin cream antioxidant radical scavenger formulation

19991008

Α

IT Aspidosperma quebracho-blanco

(bark ext.; cosmetic prepn. of active substances with a synergistically increased radical protection factor)

IT Tea products

PRAI WO 1999-DE3295

(beverages, green; cosmetic prepn. of active substances with a synergistically increased radical protection factor)

```
IT
     Acerola
     Actinidia chinensis
     Algae
     Almond (Prunus amygdalus)
     Angelica archangelica
     Antioxidants
     Apricot (Prunus armeniaca)
     Camellia oleifera
     Cherry
     Chlorella
     Citrofortunella microcarpa
     Citrus bigaradia
     Citrus hystrix
     Collinsonia canadensis
       Cosmetics
     Dentifrices
     Hydrogels
     Lime (Citrus aurantifolia)
     Malpighia glabra
     Mandarin orange
     Microalgae
     Mimosa tenuiflora
     Mouthwashes
     Papaya (Carica papaya)
     Peach (Prunus persica)
     Plum
     Pongamia glabra
     Prunus serotina
     Prunus spinosa
     Prunus virginiana
     Radical scavengers
     Roselle (Hibiscus sabdariffa)
     Saccharomyces
     Shampoos
     Silkworm
       Tea (Camellia sinensis)
     Tomato
     Ulva
     Yeast
        (cosmetic prepn. of active substances with a synergistically increased
        radical protection factor)
ΙT
     Amino acids, biological studies
     Cerebrosides
     Fatty acids, biological studies
     Phospholipids, biological studies
     Proanthocyanidins
     Vitamins
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological
     use, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (cosmetic prepn. of active substances with a synergistically increased
        radical protection factor)
TΤ
     Cosmetics
        (creams; cosmetic prepn. of active substances with a synergistically
        increased radical protection factor)
IT
     Passionflower (Passiflora)
        (essential oil; cosmetic prepn. of active
        substances with a synergistically increased radical protection factor)
ΙT
     Cosmetics
        (face packs; cosmetic prepn. of active substances with a
        synergistically increased radical protection factor)
IT
     Hydrocarbons, biological studies
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological
     use, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (fluoro; cosmetic prepn. of active substances with a synergistically
```

increased radical protection factor) IT Cosmetics (gels; cosmetic prepn. of active substances with a synergistically increased radical protection factor) IT Cosmetics (lotions; cosmetic prepn. of active substances with a synergistically increased radical protection factor) TΤ Cosmetics (makeups; cosmetic prepn. of active substances with a synergistically increased radical protection factor) IT Cosmetics (mascaras; cosmetic prepn. of active substances with a synergistically increased radical protection factor) IT Encapsulation (microencapsulation; cosmetic prepn. of active substances with a synergistically increased radical protection factor) IT Orange (sour; cosmetic prepn. of active substances with a synergistically increased radical protection factor) TT Cosmetics (sticks; cosmetic prepn. of active substances with a synergistically increased radical protection factor) 52-90-4, Cystein, biological studies 56-40-6, Glycine, ፐጥ biological studies 56-41-7, Alanine, biological studies 56-45-1, Serine, biological studies 56-84-8, Aspartic acid, biological studies 56-86-0, Glutamic acid, biological studies 56-87-1, Lysine, biological studies 60-18-4, Tyrosine, biological studies 61-90-5, Leucine, biological studies 63-68-3, Methionine, biological studies 63-91-2, Phenylalanine, biological studies 69-89-6, Xanthine **70-47-3**, Asparagine, biological studies 71-00-1, Histidine, biological studies 72-18-4, Valine, biological studies 72-19-5, Threonine, biological studies 73-32-5, Isoleucine, biological studies 74-79-3, Arginine, biological studies 147-85-3 Proline, biological studies 149-91-7D, Gallic acid, derivs. 585-39-9, .beta. Cyclodextrin 9004-53-9, Dextrin 9004-61-9 7585-39-9, .beta. Cyclodextrin 9004-61-9, 9054-89-1, Superoxide dismutase 10016-20-3, .alpha. Hyaluronic acid 12619-70-4, Cyclodextrin Cyclodextrin 12047-11-9, Barium hexaferrite 37213-49-3, .alpha.-Msh 17465-86-0, .gamma. Cyclodextrin 80802-79-5, 84563-77-9, Chitosan glycolate Cecropin RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (cosmetic prepn. of active substances with a synergistically increased radical protection factor) RE.CNT RE (1) Ferent, M; FR 2672605 A 1992 (2) Greentech Sa; FR 2770228 A 1999 HCAPLUS (3) Serobiologiques Lab Sa; FR 2758984 A 1998 HCAPLUS 52-90-4, Cystein, biological studies 56-40-6, Glycine, ΙT biological studies 56-41-7, Alanine, biological studies 56-45-1, Serine, biological studies 56-84-8, Aspartic acid, biological studies 56-86-0, Glutamic acid, biological studies 56-87-1, Lysine, biological studies 61-90-5, Leucine, biological studies 63-68-3, Methionine, biological studies 63-91-2, Phenylalanine, biological studies 70-47-3, Asparagine, biological studies 71-00-1, Histidine, biological studies 72-18-4, Valine, biological studies 72-19-5, Threonine, biological studies 73-32-5 , Isoleucine, biological studies 74-79-3, Arginine, biological studies 147-85-3, Proline, biological studies RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(cosmetic prepn. of active substances with a synergistically increased

radical protection factor)

RN 52-90-4 HCAPLUS

CN L-Cysteine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 56-40-6 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 56-41-7 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 56-45-1 HCAPLUS

CN L-Serine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 56-84-8 HCAPLUS

CN L-Aspartic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 56-86-0 HCAPLUS

CN L-Glutamic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 56-87-1 HCAPLUS

CN L-Lysine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 61-90-5 HCAPLUS

CN L-Leucine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 63-68-3 HCAPLUS

CN L-Methionine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 63-91-2 HCAPLUS

CN L-Phenylalanine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

RN 70-47-3 HCAPLUS

CN L-Asparagine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 71-00-1 HCAPLUS

CN L-Histidine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

RN 72-18-4 HCAPLUS CN L-Valine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 72-19-5 HCAPLUS CN L-Threonine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 73-32-5 HCAPLUS CN L-Isoleucine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 74-79-3 HCAPLUS CN L-Arginine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 147-85-3 HCAPLUS CN L-Proline (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

L105 ANSWER 5 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS AN 2001:237815 HCAPLUS DN 134:256626

```
ΤI
     Skin-lightening cosmetics containing betaines and oils
     Takusagawa, Hiroshi; Onodera, Takao; Takenaka, Hajime; Yamagishi, Rieko
ΙN
    Lion Corp., Japan
PA
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.
SO
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
     Japanese
LA
     ICM A61K007-00
IC
         A61K007-00; A61K007-48; A61P017-16
CC
     62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                            DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                             -----
                             20010403
                                            JP 1999-263966
PΙ
     JP 2001089321
                      A2
                                                              19990917
AB
     Cosmetics contain skin-lightening ingredients, low-mol. wt.
    betaines, and silicone oils and/or vegetable oils. The cosmetics
     are also useful for treatment of rough skin, improve skin moisturizing function, and show good skin compatibility. The {\bf betaines}
     enhance transdermal absorption of skin-lightening ingredients.
     addn. of trimethylglycine to ellagic acid-contg. cometic resulted in 160%
     transdermal absorption of ellagic acid compared with a control.
ST
     skin lightening betaine silicone vegetable oil; transdermal
     absorption improver methylglycine skin lightening
ΙT
     Polysiloxanes, biological studies
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological
     use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (Me, KF 96A10CS, KF 96A30CS; skin-lightening cosmetics contg.
       betaines and oils)
IT
    Essential oils
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (chamomile; skin-lightening cosmetics contg. betaines and
        oils)
IT
     Polysiloxanes, biological studies
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (di-Me, Me Ph, KF 56; skin-lightening cosmetics contq. betaines
        and oils)
     Placenta
IT
        (ext.; skin-lightening cosmetics contg. betaines and oils)
     Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (grape seed; skin-lightening cosmetics contg. betaines and
        oils)
     Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
IT
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (macadamia nut; skin-lightening cosmetics contg. betaines and
        oils)
IT
     Essential oils
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (orange, sweet; skin-lightening cosmetics contg. betaines and
        oils)
ΙT
    Essential oils
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (rose; skin-lightening cosmetics contg. betaines
        and oils)
IΤ
     Betaines
     Jojoba oil
     Olive oil
     Sunflower oil
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological
     use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
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(skin-lightening cosmetics contg. betaines and oils)
TΤ
     Coconut oil
     Cyclosiloxanes
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (skin-lightening cosmetics contg. betaines and oils)
TΤ
     Cosmetics
        (skin-lightening; skin-lightening cosmetics contg. betaines
        and oils)
TΤ
     Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological
     use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (vegetable; skin-lightening cosmetics contg. betaines and
        oils)
    107-43-7, Trimethylglycine
                                   111-01-3, Squalane 407-64-7
IT
     , .gamma.-Butyrobetaine
                                9016-00-6, KF 96A6cs
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological
     use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (skin-lightening cosmetics contg. betaines and oils)
                             81860-67-5, Kojic acid potassium salt
IT
     476-66-4, Ellagic acid
     108910-78-7, Magnesium L-ascorbate phosphate
                                                    122328-16-9, Ellagic acid
     potassium salt
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (skin-lightening cosmetics contg. betaines and oils)
     137-66-6, Ascorbic acid palmitate
                                         497-76-7, Arbutin
IT
                                                               501-30-4, Kojic
                                556-67-2, Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane
            541-02-6, KF 995
                            200013-84-9, DC 593
     56275-01-5, KF 7312K
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (skin-lightening cosmetics contg. betaines and oils)
     107-43-7, Trimethylglycine 407-64-7, .gamma.-
ΙT
     Butyrobetaine
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological
     use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (skin-lightening cosmetics contg. betaines and oils)
RN
     107-43-7 HCAPLUS
     Methanaminium, 1-carboxy-N,N,N-trimethyl-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX
CN
Me3^+N-CH_2-CO_2-
     407-64-7 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     1-Propanaminium, 3-carboxy-N, N, N-trimethyl-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
-02C-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-N+Me<sub>3</sub>
L105 ANSWER 6 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
     2000:768952 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     133:339965
     Formulations and methods for reducing skin irritation
ΤI
IN
     Hahn, Gary S.; Thueson, David O.
     Cosmederm Technologies, USA
PA
     U.S., 30 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,716,625.
SO
     CODEN: USXXAM
DT
     Patent
     English
LA
IC
     ICM A61K007-48
NCL
     424401000
CC
     62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
```

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Section cross-reference(s): 63
FAN.CNT 4
    PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                           DATE
                                           -----
PT
    US 6139850
                      Α
                            20001031
                                           US 1997-860993
                                                            19970623
    US 5716625
                      Α
                            19980210
                                           US 1994-362100
                                                            19941221
    WO 9619184
                      Α1
                            19960627
                                           WO 1995-US16985 19951221
            AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI,
        W:
            GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD,
            MG, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ,
            TM, TT
         RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE,
             IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR,
            NE, SN, TD, TG
    EP 1136065
                            20010926
                                          EP 2001-115074
                                                            19951221
                      A1
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE
PRAI US 1994-362100
                      Α2
                            19941221
    WO 1995-US16985
                      W
                            19951221
    EP 1995-944548
                      A3
                            19951221
AΒ
    Compns. and methods are provided for inhibiting skin irritation
    attributable to chem. irritants or environmental conditions, by the
    application of an anti-irritant amt. of water-sol. strontium cation.
    compns. can be antiperspirants, deodorants, sunscreens, insect repellents,
    depilatories, hair dyes, hair bleaches, mouthwashes, ointments,
    suppositories, etc. Glycolic acid (6 % in 10 % ethanol-in-water) was used
    as a skin irritant. Strontium nitrate was coadministered as an
    anti-irritant to subject panels and was shown to inhibit cumulative
    irritation by 64-84 % at concns. ranging from 250 nM to 500 nM.
ST
    strontium compd skin irritation prevention
IT
    Essential oils
    RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (Melaleuca; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to
       ingredients in compns.)
ΙT
    Shaving preparations
        (aftershave; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to
       ingredients in compns.)
IT
    Hair preparations
        (antidandruff; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to
       ingredients in compns.)
IT
    Skin preparations (pharmaceutical)
        (astringents; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to
       ingredients in compns.)
IT
    Dermatitis
        (atopic; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to
       ingredients in compns.)
IT
    Hair preparations
        (bleaches; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to
        ingredients in compns.)
IT
    Ion channel blockers
        (calcium; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to
       ingredients in compns.)
IT
    Cosmetics
        (cleansing; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to
       ingredients in compns.)
ΙT
    Temperature
        (cold; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to
        environmental conditions)
IT
    Hair preparations
        (conditioners; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to
        ingredients in compns.)
IT
    Eye, disease
        (conjunctivitis; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to
        ingredients in compns.)
IT
    Cosmetics
```

(creams; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to

ingredients in compns.) IT Cosmetics (depilatories; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to ingredients in compns.) ΙT Digestive tract Mucous membrane Reproductive tract (disease, irritations; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to ingredients in compns.) ΙT Bath preparations (douches; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to ingredients in compns.) TT Skin, disease (dry; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to ingredients in compns.) IT Hair preparations (dyes; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to ingredients in compns.) TT Drug delivery systems (enemas; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to ingredients in compns.) IT Aloe barbadensis Chamomile Cola nitida (exts.; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to ingredients in compns.) IT Tea products (green, exts.; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to ingredients in compns.) Carboxylic acids, biological studies IT RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (hydroxy; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to ingredients in compns.) IT Acne (inhibitors; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to ingredients in compns.) IT Eye, disease Respiratory tract Skin, disease (irritation; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to ingredients in compns.) IT Fatty acids, biological studies RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (lanolin, strontium salts; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to ingredients in compns.) IT Natural products, pharmaceutical RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (licorice; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to ingredients in compns.) ΙT Cosmetics (lotions; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to ingredients in compns.) IT Drug delivery systems (lozenges; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to ingredients in compns.) IT Cosmetics (moisturizers; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to ingredients in compns.) ΙT Anti-inflammatory agents (nonsteroidal; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to ingredients in compns.) IT Drug delivery systems

(ointments; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to

```
ingredients in compns.)
     Drug delivery systems
IT
        (ophthalmic; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to
        ingredients in compns.)
ΙT
     Carboxylic acids, biological studies
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BUU (Biological use,
     unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (oxo; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to ingredients
        in compns.)
TΤ
     Hair preparations
        (permanent wave; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to
        ingredients in compns.)
     Ion channel blockers
TΤ
        (potassium; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to
        ingredients in compns.)
ΙT
     Nose
        (rhinitis; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to
        ingredients in compns.)
     Ion channel blockers
TΤ
        (sodium; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to
        ingredients in compns.)
TT
     Hair preparations
        (straighteners; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to
        ingredients in compns.)
IT
     Solar radiation
     Wind
        (strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to environmental
        conditions)
ΙT
     Analgesics
     Antibiotics
     Antiperspirants
     Asthma
     Contraceptives
     Deodorants
     Dermatitis
     Detergents
     Eczema
     Infection
     Insect repellents
     Mouthwashes
     Psoriasis
     Shampoos
     Shaving preparations
     Sunscreens
        (strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to ingredients in
        compns.)
ΙT
     Alcohols, biological studies
     Carboxylic acids, biological studies
     Peroxides, biological studies
     Retinoids
     Soaps
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BUU (Biological use,
     unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to ingredients in
        compns.)
TΤ
     Steroids, biological studies
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to ingredients in
        compns.)
TT
     Caseins, biological studies
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (strontium salts; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to
        ingredients in compns.)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
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(suppositories, vaginal; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation
        due to ingredients in compns.)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (suppositories; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to
        ingredients in compns.)
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
        (topical; strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to
        ingredients in compns.)
     50-21-5, biological studies 57-13-6, Urea,
ΙT
                          58-08-2, Caffeine, biological studies
     biological studies
     Acetic acid, biological studies
                                                           69-72-7, biological
                                         68-26-8, Retinol
     studies
               76-03-9, Trichloroacetic acid, biological studies
                                                                      76-93-7,
                         77-92-9, biological studies 79-14-1, biological
     biological studies
                          90-64-2, Mandelic acid
                                                    90-80-2
                                                              94-36-0, Benzoyl
     studies
               87-69-4
     peroxide, biological studies 97-59-6, Allantoin 98-79-3 108-95-2, Phenol, biological studies 116-31-4, Retinal
                                                                   127-17-3,
     Pyruvic acid, biological studies
                                        144-62-7, Ethanedioic acid, biological
               302-79-4, Tretinoin 404-86-4, Capsaicin.
                                                               515-69-5,
     studies
     .alpha.-Bisabolol 526-95-4, D-Gluconic acid
                                                      617-73-2, .alpha.-Hydroxy
     octanoic acid
                     1405-86-3, Glycyrrhizic acid
                                                      5393-81-7, .alpha.-Hydroxy
                                  70424-62-3
                                               126094-21-1
     decanoic acid
                      6915-15<del>-</del>7
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BUU (Biological use,
     unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to ingredients in
        compns.)
IT
     526-26-1, Strontium salicylate 543-94-2, Strontium acetate
     Strontium formate 813-97-8 814-95-9, Strontium oxalate
                                                                     868-19-9,
                          1314-11-0, Strontium oxide, biological studies
     Strontium tartrate
     1314-18-7, Strontium peroxide 1314-96-1, Strontium sulfide
                                                                      1633-05-2,
                            2188-25-2, Strontium benzoate
                                                              7100-64-3, Strontium
     Strontium carbonate
                                                     10101-21-0, Strontium
     bicarbonate
                   10042-76-9, Strontium nitrate
                                                  10476-85-4, Strontium
13451-01-9, Strontium
13703-84-9, Strontium borate
                 10196-69-7, Strontium stearate
     gluconate
                12060-59-2, Strontium titanate
     chloride
     bisulfate 13470-06-9, Strontium nitrite 13703-84-9, Strontium 14796-93-1, Strontium laurate 14796-94-2, Strontium myristate
     14796-95-3, Strontium palmitate 14987-70-3, Strontium behenate
     15578-33-3
                              17006-00-7 18480-07-4, Strontium hydroxide
                 16088-89-4
     23287-50-5, Strontium propionate 29870-99-3, Strontium lactate
                  40472-00-2 59039-08-6, Strontium oleate 59640-09-4,
     39162-74-8
     Strontium phthalate 63387-34-8, Strontium thioglycolate
                                                                    74563-70-5
                                                               303730-89-4
     88092-77-7
                  139965-15-4
                                 303730-87-2
                                                303730-88-3
     303730-90-7
                   303730-91-8
                                   303730-92-9
                                                304006-79-9
                                                                304006-80-2
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to ingredients in
        compns.)
RE.CNT
(1) Anon; FR 2590273 1987 HCAPLUS
(2) Anon; EP 0654270 1995 HCAPLUS
(3) Anon; The Merck Index, 11th Ed 1989, P1394
(4) Biener; US 4943432 1990 HCAPLUS
(5) Bilotto; Pain 1988, V32, P231 HCAPLUS(6) Breton; US 5851556 1998 HCAPLUS
(7) Celerier; Arch Dermatol Res 1985, V287, P680
(8) Chess; US 4971800 1990 HCAPLUS
(9) de Lacharriere; US 5824650 1998 HCAPLUS
(10) de Lacharriere; US 5866168 1999 HCAPLUS
(11) de Lacharriere; US 5972892 1999 HCAPLUS
(12) D'Alelio; US 4477439 1984 HCAPLUS
(13) Edwards; US 4285973 1981 HCAPLUS
(14) Foreman, J; J Physiol 1977, V271, P233 HCAPLUS
(15) Frankenhaeuser; J Physiol 1958, V142, P360 HCAPLUS
(16) Gutentag; Penn Dental Journal 1965, V68(2), P37 MEDLINE
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(17) Hahn; US 5716625 1998 HCAPLUS (18) Hahn; US 5804203 1998 HCAPLUS

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(19) Hodosh; US 4191750 1980 HCAPLUS
(20) Klein; US 4388301 1983 HCAPLUS
(21) Mishima; US 5262153 1993 HCAPLUS
(22) Porter; US 3716054 1973
(23) Yu; US 4105782 1978 HCAPLUS
(24) Yu; US 4105783 1978
(25) Zyuzyukin, Y; 1973, 12, P100 HCAPLUS
     50-21-5, biological studies 57-13-6, Urea,
     biological studies 98-79-3
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BUU (Biological use,
     unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (strontium compds. for reducing skin irritation due to ingredients in
        compns.)
     50-21-5 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     Propanoic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
   OH
Me-CH-CO2H
RN
     57-13-6 HCAPLUS
     Urea (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
    - C- NH2
     98-79-3 HCAPLUS
RN
     L-Proline, 5-oxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).
L105 ANSWER 7 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
ΑN
     2000:290805 HCAPLUS
DN
     132:325853
     Antimicrobial perfume compositions
ΤI
ΙN
     Holzner, Gunter
PA
     Firmenich Sa, Switz.
     PCT Int. Appl., 44 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     French
     ICM A61K007-06
IC
     ICS A61K007-32; A61K007-46; A61K007-48
     62-5 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
     Section cross-reference(s): 63
FAN.CNT 1
                                            APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                            DATE
     WO 2000024367
                            20000504
                                           WO 1999-IB1635
                                                             19991006
PΤ
                      A1
         W: BR, JP, US
```

RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,

BR 1999-7057

19991006

20001017

PT, SE

BR 9907057

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20001018
     EP 1043968
                                            EP 1999-946386
                                                              19991006
                       Α1
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
PRAI CH 1998-2154
                             19981026
                       Α
     WO 1999-IB1635
                       W
                             19991006
     The invention concerns antimicrobial perfume compns. comprising: a perfume
AB
     ingredient having an antimicrobial activity of at least 80% as measured by
     the "agar surface coating test" (ACST), by the "vapor phase test" (VPT) or
     by the "direct spray method" (DSM); and an active ingredient selected
     among a grapefruit ext., a Fumaria ext., an ester of fumaric acid or
     lactic acid. The compns. may addnl. contain
     surfactants, softening agents, etc. Thus, a compn. contained hexyl acetate 5.0, isobornyl acetate 8.0, linalyl acetate 9.2, Ambrox 0.3,
     bergamot oil 18.0, camphor 2.5, cedar oil 8.5,
     tricyclo[5.2.1.0]dec-3-en-8-yl propionate 3.5, coumarin 4.0,
     dihydromyrcenol 14.0, dihydroterpeniol 12.5, di-Ph oxide 1.5,
     3-p-menthanone 4.0, nerol oxide 0.5, tetralinol 6.5, and
     2,4-dimethyl-3-cyclohexene-1-carboxaldehyde 2.0 parts by wt.
     antimicrobial perfume surfactant; lactate antimicrobial perfume;
ST
     fumarate
IT
     Onium compounds
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (1-[2-(carboxymethoxy)ethyl]-1-(carboxymethyl)dihydro-2-norcoco
        alkylimidazolium lauryl sulfates, disodium salts; antimicrobial perfume
        compns.)
ΙT
     Alcohols, biological studies
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (C11-15-secondary, ethoxylated; antimicrobial perfume compns.)
IT
     Sulfonic acids, biological studies
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (C13-18-sec-alkanesulfonic, sodium salts; antimicrobial perfume
        compns.)
IT
     Alcohols, biological studies
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (C9-11, ethoxylated; antimicrobial perfume compns.)
ΙT
     Surfactants
        (amphoteric; antimicrobial perfume compns.)
IT
     Surfactants
        (anionic; antimicrobial perfume compns.)
IT
     Antibacterial agents
     Antimicrobial agents
     Deodorants
     Perfumes
     Shampoos
        (antimicrobial perfume compns.)
IT
     Phospholipids, biological studies
     Protein hydrolyzates
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (antimicrobial perfume compns.)
ΙT
     Essential oils
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
         (bergamot; antimicrobial perfume compns.)
     Quaternary ammonium compounds, biological studies
ΙT
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (bis(hydrogenated tallow alkyl)dimethyl, chlorides; antimicrobial
        perfume compns.)
ΙT
     Surfactants
        (cationic; antimicrobial perfume compns.)
IT
     Essential oils
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RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (cedar; antimicrobial perfume compns.)
     Essential oils
ΙT
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (clove; antimicrobial perfume compns.)
     Amides, biological studies
ΙT
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (coco, N, N-bis(hydroxyethyl), Marlamid DF 1218, Comperlan KD;
        antimicrobial perfume compns.)
IT
     Amine oxides
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (cocoalkyldimethyl; antimicrobial perfume compns.)
IT
     Bath preparations
        (douches; antimicrobial perfume compns.)
IT
     Cosmetics
        (emollients; antimicrobial perfume compns.)
ΙT
     Fumaria
     Grapefruit
        (ext.; antimicrobial perfume compns.)
IT
     Bath preparations
        (foams; antimicrobial perfume compns.)
TT
     Surfactants
        (nonionic; antimicrobial perfume compns.)
                                     139-96-8,
IT
     50-21-5D, Lactic acid, esters
                                                  2687-96-9, Surfadone LP-300
                   623-91-6, Diethyl fumarate
     Texapon T42
                              25155-30-0, Marlon A 375
                                                           26264-05-1
     9004-82-4, Texapon NSO
     59141-98-9, Tego-Betain L 7
                                   68890-66-4, Octopirox
                                                             85563-48-0, Luviquat
              141489-42-1, Euperlan PK 771
                                                170779-72-3, Marlon A 390
     mono CP
     178463-14-4, Cosmacol ELI
                                 184785-90-8, Marlinat 242/70
                                                                  266349-69-3
                                 266692-51-7, Tensianol Scils
     266692-38-0, Zinc-Pyrion
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (antimicrobial perfume compns.)
                                                        91-64-5, Coumarin
ΙT
     76-22-2, Camphor
                        78-70-6, Linalool
                                              89-80-5
                        101-20-2, Triclocarban
                                                 101-84-8, Diphenyl oxide
     97-53-0, Eugenol
     104-54-1, Cinnamyl alcohol 106-24-1, Geraniol Linalyl acetate 125-12-2, Isobornyl acetate
                                                         115-95-7,
                                                       134-20-3, Methyl
                    140-11-4, Benzyl acetate
                                                 142-92-7, Hexyl acetate
     anthranilate
     1786-08-9, Nerol oxide 3380-34-
17511-60-3 24851-98-7, Hedione
                               3380-34-5, Triclosan
                                                       6790-58-5, Ambrox
                                         51854-14-9
                                                       53219-21-9,
                       58985-02-7, Dihydroterpineol
                                                        68039-49-6
     Dihydromyrcenol
                                                                      266692-55-1,
     Florex
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (antimicrobial perfume compns.)
RE.CNT
RE
(1) Ciba Geigy Ag; GB 1401550 A 1975 HCAPLUS
(2) Ditze, A; US 5759974 A 1998 HCAPLUS
(3) Firmenich & Cie; WO 9325185 A 1993 HCAPLUS
(4) Firmenich & Cie; WO 9515146 1995 HCAPLUS
(5) Procter & Gamble; WO 9218100 A 1992 HCAPLUS
IT
     50-21-5D, Lactic acid, esters
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (antimicrobial perfume compns.)
RN
     50-21-5 HCAPLUS
     Propanoic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
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OH
|
|
Me-CH-CO2H
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L105 ANSWER 8 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS 1999:530893 HCAPLUS AN DN 131:174843 ΤI Cosmetics, sanitary products, and quasi drugs containing hydrophilic substances of Cupressaceae plants Moriyama, Mariko; Ninomiya, Kazuko ΙN PA MTI Y. K., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp. SO CODEN: JKXXAF DT Patent LA Japanese ICM A61K007-48 IC ICS A61K007-00; A61K007-06; A61K007-16; C11D003-384; C11D017-08 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics) CC Section cross-reference(s): 63 FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE \_\_\_\_\_ JP 1998-51306 JP 11228379 A2 19990824 19980218 PΤ

The title health products contain (A) wastewater generated from steam distn. of wood and/or branches and leaves of Cupressaceae plants to ext. essential oils, (B) exts. prepd. by soaking the wood and/or branches and leaves in cold water or hot water, (C) exts. prepd. by shaking essential oils of Cupressaceae plants with H2O, (D) exts. prepd. by soaking the wood and/or branches and leaves in a mixt. of alcs. and H2O, or their concd. products. Hydrophilic compds. contained in the wastewater inhibit tyrosinase and show antibacterial and deodorant effects. An aq. ext. of sawdust of Thujopsis dolabrata hondae inhibited mushroom tyrosinase in a dose-dependent manner. A hair tonic contg. EtOH, Swertia ext., vitamin B6, vitamin E, propylene glycol, Kollidon K, menthol, and the above aq. ext. prevented hair loss and stimulated hair growth.

ST hair prepn Thujopsis aq ext; Cupressaceae aq ext tyrosinase inhibitor bactericide deodorant cosmetic; skin lightening cosmetic Cupressaceae aq ext; health product Cupressaceae aq ext tyrosinase inhibitor bactericide deodorant

## IT Cosmetics

(cleansing; health products such as cosmetics, quasi drugs, etc. contg. hydrophilic components of Cupressaceae plants as tyrosinase inhibitors, bactericides, and deodorants)

IT Hair preparations

(conditioners; health products such as cosmetics, quasi drugs, etc. contg. hydrophilic components of Cupressaceae plants as tyrosinase inhibitors, bactericides, and deodorants)

IT Hair preparations

(creams; health products such as cosmetics, quasi drugs, etc. contg. hydrophilic components of Cupressaceae plants as tyrosinase inhibitors, bactericides, and deodorants)

IT Placenta

(exts.; health products such as cosmetics, quasi drugs, etc. contg. hydrophilic components of Cupressaceae plants as tyrosinase inhibitors, bactericides, and deodorants)

## IT Cosmetics

(foundations; health products such as cosmetics, quasi drugs, etc. contg. hydrophilic components of Cupressaceae plants as tyrosinase inhibitors, bactericides, and deodorants)

IT Hair preparations

(growth stimulants; health products such as cosmetics, quasi drugs, etc. contg. hydrophilic components of Cupressaceae plants as tyrosinase

inhibitors, bactericides, and deodorants) Antibacterial agents TΤ Bath preparations Calocedrus decurrens Chamaecyparis formosensis Cosmetics Cupressaceae Dentifrices Deodorants Deodorants (personal) Hair preparations Health products Juniper (Juniperus chinensis) Juniper (Juniperus conferta) Mouthwashes Shampoos Thuja plicata Thuja standishii Thujopsis dolabrata Thujopsis dolabrata hondae (health products such as cosmetics, quasi drugs, etc. contg. hydrophilic components of Cupressaceae plants as tyrosinase inhibitors, bactericides, and deodorants) ΙT Sericins Soaps Vitamins RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (health products such as cosmetics, quasi drugs, etc. contg. hydrophilic components of Cupressaceae plants as tyrosinase inhibitors, bactericides, and deodorants) IT Chamaecyparis obtusa (kanaamihiba; health products such as cosmetics, quasi drugs, etc. contq. hydrophilic components of Cupressaceae plants as tyrosinase inhibitors, bactericides, and deodorants) IT Drug delivery systems (liniments; health products such as cosmetics, quasi drugs, etc. contg. hydrophilic components of Cupressaceae plants as tyrosinase inhibitors, bactericides, and deodorants) ΙT Cosmetics Hair preparations (liqs.; health products such as cosmetics, quasi drugs, etc. contg. hydrophilic components of Cupressaceae plants as tyrosinase inhibitors, bactericides, and deodorants) ΙT Cosmetics (lotions; health products such as cosmetics, quasi drugs, etc. contg. hydrophilic components of Cupressaceae plants as tyrosinase inhibitors, bactericides, and deodorants) ΙT Drug delivery systems (ointments; health products such as cosmetics, quasi drugs, etc. contg. hydrophilic components of Cupressaceae plants as tyrosinase inhibitors, bactericides, and deodorants) IT Cosmetics (packs; health products such as cosmetics, quasi drugs, etc. contg. hydrophilic components of Cupressaceae plants as tyrosinase inhibitors, bactericides, and deodorants) IT Cosmetics (skin-lightening; health products such as cosmetics, quasi drugs, etc. contg. hydrophilic components of Cupressaceae plants as tyrosinase inhibitors, bactericides, and deodorants) ΙT Hair preparations (sprays; health products such as cosmetics, quasi drugs, etc. contq.

Drug delivery systems (transdermal; health products such as cosmetics, quasi drugs, etc.

bactericides, and deodorants)

IT

hydrophilic components of Cupressaceae plants as tyrosinase inhibitors,

contg. hydrophilic components of Cupressaceae plants as tyrosinase inhibitors, bactericides, and deodorants)

IT 9002-10-2, Tyrosinase

RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (health products such as cosmetics, quasi drugs, etc. contg. hydrophilic components of Cupressaceae plants as tyrosinase inhibitors, bactericides, and deodorants)

TT 52-90-4, Cysteine, biological studies 70-18-8, Glutathione, biological studies 123-31-9, 1,4-Benzenediol, biological studies 497-76-7, Arbutin 499-44-5, .beta.-Thujaplicin 501-30-4, Kojic acid 96345-33-4D, Pyrone, derivs.

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(health products such as cosmetics, quasi drugs, etc. contg. hydrophilic components of Cupressaceae plants as tyrosinase inhibitors, bactericides, and deodorants)

IT 52-90-4, Cysteine, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(health products such as cosmetics, quasi drugs, etc. contg. hydrophilic components of Cupressaceae plants as tyrosinase inhibitors, bactericides, and deodorants)

RN 52-90-4 HCAPLUS

CN L-Cysteine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L105 ANSWER 9 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1999:330306 HCAPLUS

DN 131:35641

TI Cosmetics providing improved percutaneous absorption of active ingredients

IN Nishizaka, Takahiro; Yano, Shinji; Fujii, Yasuyuki; Yamazaki, Seiji

PA Kao Corp., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 22 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-00

ICS A61K007-00; A61K007-48

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI JP 11139924 A2 19990525 JP 1997-307490 19971110

OS MARPAT 131:35641

AB The invention relates to a cosmetic contg. an ether compd. R1O(X-O)nR2 (R1, R2 = C1-24 alkyl; X = C1-12 alkylene; n = 0, 1; total no. of C in R1, R2 and X = 10-32), and an active ingredient, e.g. a ceramide, a moisturizing agent, amino acid, plant ext., a skin whitening agent, etc., wherein the use of the ether compd. improves percutaneous absorption of the active ingredient without causing skin irritation. A moisturizing cosmetic contg. polyoxyethylene hexyldecyl ether 2, glycine 5, myristyl-1,3-dimethylbutyl ether 10 % and other ingredients q.s. to 100 % was prepd. and the permeation level of glycine in the epidermal horny layer of a pig skin was tested.

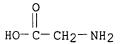
ST cosmetic percutaneous absorption promoter polyoxyehtylenehexyldecyl ether

IT Natural products, pharmaceutical
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)

```
(aloe, exts.; cosmetics contg. active ingredients and ether compds. as
        percutaneous absorption promoters)
IT
     Natural products, pharmaceutical
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (bakumondo exts.; cosmetics contg. active ingredients and ether compds.
        as percutaneous absorption promoters)
     Pine (Pinus)
TΤ
        (cone, exts.; cosmetics contg. active ingredients and ether compds. as
        percutaneous absorption promoters)
IT
    Anti-inflammatory agents
      Cosmetics
        (cosmetics contg. active ingredients and ether compds. as percutaneous
        absorption promoters)
    Alcohols, biological studies
ΙT
      Amino acids, biological studies
     Ceramides
    Sterols
     Tannins
     Tocopherols
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (cosmetics contg. active ingredients and ether compds. as percutaneous
        absorption promoters)
ΙT
    Castor oil
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (ethoxylated; cosmetics contg. active ingredients and ether compds. as
        percutaneous absorption promoters)
IT
    Acacia catechu
    Agrimony (Agrimonia japonica)
    Althaea
    Arnica montana
    Artemisia capillaris
    Catalpa ovata
    Chamomile
    Cinchona
    Clove (Syzygium aromaticum)
    Comfrey (Symphytum)
     Cruciferae (Brassicaceae)
    Equisetum arvense
    Eriobotrya
    Euphorbia lathyris
    Gentian (Gentiana)
      Ginger
    Ginkgo
    Ginseng (Panax)
    Glehnia
    Hamamelis
    Hawthorn (Crataegus)
     Horse chestnut (Aesculus chinensis)
     Linden (Tilia miqueliana)
    Magnolia
    Mulberry
     Paeoniaceae
     Peony (Paeonia lactiflora)
     Placenta
     Plectranthus glaucocalyx
     Rosemary
     Sage (Salvia)
     Scopolia
     Scutellaria
     Spiraea
     St.-John's-wort (Hypericum)
     Swertia japonica
```

Thujopsis dolabrata

```
Zanthoxylum
        (exts.; cosmetics contg. active ingredients and ether compds. as
       percutaneous absorption promoters)
TΤ
    Orange
        (immature, exts.; cosmetics contg. active ingredients and ether compds.
       as percutaneous absorption promoters)
ΙT
    Tea products
        (leaves, exts.; cosmetics contg. active ingredients and ether compds.
       as percutaneous absorption promoters)
IT
    Cosmetics
        (moisturizers; cosmetics contg. active ingredients and ether
       compds. as percutaneous absorption promoters)
IT
    Antioxidants
        (pharmaceutical; cosmetics contg. active ingredients and ether compds.
       as percutaneous absorption promoters)
    Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
IT
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (rice bran; cosmetics contg. active ingredients and ether compds. as
       percutaneous absorption promoters)
    Kudzu (Pueraria)
IT
        (root exts.; cosmetics contg. active ingredients and ether compds. as
       percutaneous absorption promoters)
ΤT
    Licorice (Glycyrrhiza)
        (root, kanzoh, exts.; cosmetics contg. active ingredients and ether
       compds. as percutaneous absorption promoters)
IT
    Cosmetics
        (skin-lightening; cosmetics contg. active ingredients and ether compds.
       as percutaneous absorption promoters)
IT
        (sour, peel, exts.; cosmetics contg. active ingredients and ether
       compds. as percutaneous absorption promoters)
    Cosmetics
ΙT
        (wrinkle-preventing; cosmetics contg. active ingredients and ether
       compds. as percutaneous absorption promoters)
IT
    50-81-7D, Ascorbic acid, derivs. 56-40-6, Glycine, biological
    studies
               56-81-5, 1,2,3-Propanetriol, biological studies
                                                                57-88-5,
                                       58-95-7, Tocopheryl acetate
    Cholesterol, biological studies
                    123-31-9D, Hydroquinone, derivs. 471-53-4, Glycyrrhetic
    Nicotinamide
                                             863-03-6, Epicatechingallate
            501-30-4D, Kojic acid, derivs.
    989-51-5, Epigallocatechingallate
                                        7235-40-7, .beta.-Carotene
     9005-67-8, Polyoxyethylenesorbitan monostearate
                                                       10191-41-0,
    DL-.alpha.-Tocopherol
                             32128-65-7, Polyoxyethyleneoctyldodecyl ether
    43119-47-7, Tocopherol nicotinate
                                         52609-19-5
                                                      101026-93-1, Carotin
    185143-63-9
                   185143-66-2
                                 226903-44-2
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (cosmetics contq. active ingredients and ether compds. as percutaneous
       absorption promoters)
    56-40-6, Glycine, biological studies
IT
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (cosmetics contq. active ingredients and ether compds. as percutaneous
       absorption promoters)
RN
     56-40-6 HCAPLUS
CN
    Glycine (8CI, 9CI)
                        (CA INDEX NAME)
```



```
DN
     129:221022
TI
     Topical formulations containing strontium salts for reducing skin
     irritation
     Hahn, Gary S.; Thueson, David O.; Quick, Timothy W.
IN
PA
     Cosmederm Technologies, USA
     U.S., 38 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,716,625.
SO
     CODEN: USXXAM
DT
     Patent
     English
LA
IC
     ICM A61K007-48
         A61K033-24
     ICS
NCL
     424401000
CC
     62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
     Section cross-reference(s): 1
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     PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                            DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                             DATE
                                            US 1996-666978
     US 5804203
                       Α
                             19980908
                                                              19960620
PI
                       Α
     US 5716625
                            19980210
                                            US 1994-362100
                                                              19941221
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                             19960627
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                                                             19951221
     CA 2208246
     HU 77099
                       A2
                             19980302
                                            ни 1997-1913
                                                              19951221
                       Α
     CN 1175206
                             19980304
                                            CN 1995-197692
                                                              19951221
     EP 1136065
                       A1
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                                            EP 2001-115074
                                                              19951221
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                       A1
                                            WO 1997-US10768 19970620
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                             19971224
             AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE,
             DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ,
             LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL,
             PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT,
                                                                  UA, UG, US,
         UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR,
             GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA,
             GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                            AU 1997-34069
                                                              19970620
     AU 9734069
                       Α1
                             19980107
                                           EP 1997-930176
     EP 954274
                            19991110
                                                            19970620
                       Α1
           AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, FI
PRAI US 1994-362100
                       A2
                             19941221
     EP 1995-944548
                       A3
                             19951221
     US 1996-666978
                       Α
                             19960620
     WO 1997-US10768
                       W
                             19970620
AB
     Topical formulations comprising an anti-irritant amt. of aq.-sol.
     strontium cation, and method for using the same to inhibit skin irritation
     are disclosed. Clin. tests of over 740 subjects demonstrated that 250 mM
     strontium chloride had significant and reproducible anti-irritant effects
     and inhibited the skin irritation by 60%. A cosmetic gel contained
     ionized water 61.55, 1,3-butylene glycol 5.00, Tween 20 1.00, Germaben II
     1.00, Cellosize HEC 0.60, lactic acid 17.25, strontium
     nitrate 5.00, and sodium hydroxide (20% soln.) 8.60%.
ST
     topical strontium salt skin irritation inhibition
ΙT
     Essential oils
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (Melaleuca; topical formulations contg. strontium salts for reducing
        skin irritation)
ΙT
     Viscosity
        (adjusting agents; topical formulations contg. strontium salts for
        reducing skin irritation)
ΙT
     Topical drug delivery systems
        (anesthetics; topical formulations contq. strontium salts for reducing
        skin irritation)
IT
     Lanolin
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (derivs.; topical formulations contq. strontium salts for reducing skin
```

irritation)

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IT
     Cola nitida
     Green tea
        (exts.; topical formulations contg. strontium salts for reducing skin
        irritation)
IT
     Acne
     Dandruff
        (inhibitors; topical formulations contg. strontium salts for reducing
        skin irritation)
ΙT
     Epidermis (skin)
     Mucous membrane
        (irritation of; topical formulations contg. strontium salts for
        reducing skin irritation)
ΙT
     Natural products (pharmaceutical)
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (licorice, ext.; topical formulations contg. strontium salts for
        reducing skin irritation)
     Carboxylic acids, biological studies
IT
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use,
     unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (oxo; topical formulations contg. strontium salts for reducing skin
        irritation)
ΙT
     Aloe barbadensis
     Amphoteric surfactants
     Analgesics
     Anti-inflammatory drugs
     Antibiotics
     Antihistamines
     Antiperspirants
     Cationic surfactants
     Chamomile
     Coloring materials
     Contraceptives
       Cosmetic gels
     Deodorants
     Dyes
       Emollients
     Emulsifying agents
     Hair conditioners
     Ionic surfactants
     Lipsticks
       Lotions (cosmetics)
     Makeups
      Moisturizers (cosmetics)
     Organic solvents
     Perfumes
     Pigments (nonbiological)
     Preservatives
       Skin cleansers
       Skin creams
     Skin irritation
     Solids
     Sunscreens
     Surfactants
        (topical formulations contg. strontium salts for reducing skin
        irritation)
IT
     Alcohols, biological studies
     Carboxylic acids, biological studies
     Hydroxy carboxylic acids
     Peroxides, biological studies
     Retinoids
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use,
     unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (topical formulations contq. strontium salts for reducing skin
        irritation)
ΙT
     Polysiloxanes, biological studies
```

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Proteins (general), biological studies
     Vitamins
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (topical formulations contg. strontium salts for reducing skin
        irritation)
TT
     Anesthetics
        (topical; topical formulations contg. strontium salts for reducing skin
        irritation)
     543-94-2, Strontium acetate
                                   10042-76-9, Strontium nitrate
                                                                    10476-85-4,
IT
     Strontium chloride
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological
     use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (topical formulations contg. strontium salts for reducing skin
        irritation)
IT
     50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies
     57-13-6, Urea, biological studies 58-08-2, Caffeine,
                                                                  77-92-9,
                          68-26-8, Retinol
                                             69-89-6, Xanthine
     biological studies
     Citric acid, biological studies 79-14-1, Glycolic acid, biological
               97-59-6, Allantoin, 107-43-7D, Betaine,
     studies
                                                   139-96-8
     cocamidopropyl derivs.
                             116-31-4, Retinal.
                                                              302 - 79 - 4.
                515-69-5, .alpha.-Bisabolol
                                              871-37-4, Oleyl betaine
     Tretinoin
                                                 7631-98-3, Sodium lauryl
                                     4229-35-0
     1405-86-3, Glycyrrhizic acid.
                  9004-82-4, Sodium laureth sulfate.
                                                        9005-64-5, Polysorbate
     sarcosinate
          9005-65-6, Polysorbate 80. 9005-66-7, Polysorbate 40
     20
                                                                    9005-67-8,
                      32612-48-9, Ammonium laureth sulfate,
                                                              170137-14-1,
     Polysorbate 60
     Phospholipid PTC
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (topical formulations contg. strontium salts for reducing skin
        irritation)
     50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies
IT
     57-13-6, Urea, biological studies 107-43-7D,
     Betaine, cocamidopropyl derivs.
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (topical formulations contg. strontium salts for reducing skin
        irritation)
RN
     50-21-5 HCAPLUS
CN
     Propanoic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
   OH
Me-CH-CO2H
RN
     57-13-6 HCAPLUS
     Urea (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
H_2N-C-NH_2
RN
     107-43-7 HCAPLUS
     Methanaminium, 1-carboxy-N,N,N-trimethyl-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX
CN
     NAME)
Me3+N-CH2-CO2-
```

```
1998:360989 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     129:45133
     Skin conditioners containing urea
TI
     Hayase, Motoki
IN
     Kanebo, Ltd., Japan
PA
SO
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
LΑ
     Japanese
     ICM A61K007-48
IC
     ICS A61K007-00; A61K031-17; A61K035-78
     62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
CC
FAN.CNT 1
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                     ____
     _____
                           19980609 JP 1996-325975
PΙ
     JP 10152428
                 A2
                                                            19961120
     The skin conditioners having good low-temp. stability, contain (A)
AB
     urea as an essential ingredient, (B) higher fatty acids,
     higher alcs., org. amines, (C) .gtoreq.1 selected from olive
     oil, macadamia nut oil, olive squalane, jojoba
     oil, castor oil, safflower oil, and sunflower
     oil, (D) polyalcs., and (E) .gtoreq.1 plant ext. selected from
     peach, aloe, chamomile, hibiscus, sage, Eriobotrya japonica, cucumber,
     Hedera helix, Curcuma domestica, Equisetum arvense, rosemary, Panax
     ginseng, tea, Paeonia albiflora, Swertia japonica, Luffa
     cylindrica, Valeriana officinalis, Scutellaria baicalensis,
     Gentiana lutea, Geranium thunbergii, Arctium lappa, Crataegus cuneata,
     Lentinus edodes, Morus alba, Ziziphus jujuba, Citrus tangerina, Angelica
     sinensis, Poria cocos, pinecone, Coix lacryma-jobi, Tilia cordata, Betula
     platyphylla, orange, calendula officinalis, tomato, henna, Ficus
     religiosa, Humulus lupulus, lily, and apple. A skin cream contg. stearic
     acid 2.7, cetyl alc. 4.5, olive squalane 0.5, liq. paraffin
     17.5, paraffin 6.0, vaseline 6.0, polyoxyethylene sorbitan monostearate
     1.0, vitamin E nicotinate 0.1, urea 5.0, 1,3-butylene glycol
     10.0, peach leaf 1,3-butylene glycol ext. 0.1, Me p-hydroxybenzoate 0.1,
     triethanolamine 1.1, and H2O to 100 wt.% showed skin-conditioning effect
     in humans and was stable at 0.degree. for 1 mo.
ST
     skin conditioner urea stability plant ext; oil urea
     stability skin conditioner
     Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
IT
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (macadamia nut; skin conditioners contg. urea, oils,
        polyalcs., and plant exts. with good low-temp. stability)
ΙT
     Pine (Pinus)
        (pinecone; skin conditioners contg. urea, oils, polyalcs.,
        and plant exts. with good low-temp. stability)
ΙT
     Aloe (genus)
     Angelica acutiloba
     Angelica sinensis
     Apple
     Arctium lappa
     Birch (Betula platyphylla)
     Calendula officinalis
     Citrus tangerina
     Coix lacryma-jobi
     Cucumber (Cucumis sativus)
     Curcuma longa
     Equisetum arvense
     Gentian (Gentiana lutea)
     Geranium thunbergii
     Ginseng (Panax pseudoginseng)
     Hawthorn (Crataegus cuneata)
     Hibiscus
     Hop (Humulus lupulus)
     Ivy (Hedera helix)
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Jujube (Zizyphus jujuba)
     Lawsonia inermis
     Lentinula edodes
     Lily (Lilium)
     Linden (Tilia cordata)
     Loquat (Eriobotrya japonica)
     Luffa cylindrica
     Mulberry (Morus alba)
     Orange
     Peach (Prunus persica)
     Peony (Paeonia lactiflora)
     Pipal
     Poria cocos
     Rosemary
     Sage (Salvia)
     Scutellaria baicalensis
       Skin conditioners
     Swertia japonica
       Tea (Camellia sinensis)
     Tomato
     Tripleurospermum maritimum inodorum
       Valerian (Valeriana officinalis)
        (skin conditioners contg. urea, oils, polyalcs., and plant
        exts. with good low-temp. stability)
IT
     Natural products (pharmaceutical)
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological
     use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (skin conditioners contg. urea, oils, polyalcs., and plant
        exts. with good low-temp. stability)
ΙT
     Amines, biological studies
     Castor oil
     C16-18 alcohols
     Jojoba oil
     Long-chain alcohols
     Long-chain fatty acids
     Polyhydric alcohols
     Safflower oil
     Sunflower oil
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (skin conditioners contg. urea, oils, polyalcs., and plant
        exts. with good low-temp. stability)
     57-11-4, Stearic acid, biological studies
                                                  102-71-6, Triethanolamine,
ΙT
                          107-88-0, 1,3-Butylene glycol
     biological studies
                                                           110-97-4,
                          111-01-3, Squalane 25265-71-8, D.c acid 36653-82-4, Cetyl alcohol
                                               25265-71-8, Dipropylene glycol
     Diisopropanolamine
     30399-84-9, Isostearic acid
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (skin conditioners contg. urea, oils, polyalcs., and plant
        exts. with good low-temp. stability)
IT
     57-13-6, Urea, biological studies
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological
     use, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (skin conditioners contg. urea. oils, polyalcs., and plant
        exts. with good low-temp. stability)
IT
     57-13-6, Urea, biological studies
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological
     use, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (skin conditioners contg. urea. oils, polyalcs., and plant
        exts. with good low-temp. stability)
     57-13-6 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     Urea (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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0
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H<sub>2</sub>N-C-NH<sub>2</sub>
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L105 ANSWER 12 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
AN
     1998:8328
                HCAPLUS
DN
     128:79976
TΙ
     Phytobiological preparations
PA
     Tomic, Dobrivoje, Germany
SO
     Ger. Offen., 6 pp.
     CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
     Patent
LA
     German
IC
     ICM A61K035-78
     ICS A61K033-42; A61K007-48
CC
     63-4 (Pharmaceuticals)
FAN.CNT 2
                                            APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                            DATE
                                                              DATE
PΙ
     DE 19622708
                       A1
                             19971211
                                            DE 1996-19622708 19960605
     CA 2257559
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     WO 9746246
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             PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ,
             VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ,
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         RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB,
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                            19980105
                                            AU 1997-31709
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                            19990512
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     EP 914138
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     JP 2000514414
PRAI DE 1996-19622708
                       Α
                             19960605
     DE 1996-19648232
                       Α
                             19961121
     WO 1997-EP2849
                       W
                             19970602
     Homeopathic phytobiol. prepns. for topical, oral, or parenteral
AB
     administration for treatment and prevention of pathol. conditions and
     alterations in cellular metab. which contain a synergistic mixt. of (a)
     ionic compds. and mineral salts, (b) astringents, binders, moisturizers,
     and essential oils, and (c) plant exts., gelation
     agents, acids, hyaluronidase, and other active agents. The ionic compds.
     and salts promote rapid penetration of the active components into the
               The prepns. are useful for treatment of diarrhea, mastitis, and
     warts without use of antibiotics or cortisone. A suitable prepn.
     contained Calendula 0.1, Hamamelis 0.1, glycerin 2.0, NaCl 1.0, MgCl2
     0.08, KCl 0.08, Na2HPO4.12H2O 0.6, agar 0.2, tannin 1.0,
     peppermint oil 0.05, and H2O to 100.0 wt.%.
ST
     homeopathic phytobiol formulation salt
ΙT
     Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (almond; phytobiol. prepns.)
ΙT
     Skin preparations (pharmaceutical)
        (astringents; phytobiol. prepns.)
ΙT
     Plant (Embryophyta)
        (exts.; phytobiol. prepns.)
IT
     Dressings (medical)
        (homeopathic remedy-contg.; phytobiol. prepns.)
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
```

```
(homeopathic; phytobiol. prepns.)
    Alcohols, biological studies
IT
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (lanolin, Eucerin; phytobiol. prepns.)
IT
    Liquids
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (oils; phytobiol. prepns.)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (pastes; phytobiol. prepns.)
TΤ
    Antidiarrheals
    Binders
    Calendula
    Capsules (drug delivery systems)
       Cosmetics
    Creams (drug delivery systems)
    Digestive system diseases
    Echinacea angustifolia
    Emulsifying agents
    Emulsions (drug delivery systems)
    Gelation agents
    Gels (drug delivery systems)
    Granules (drug delivery systems)
    Hamamelis
    Hydrogels (drug delivery systems)
    Lotions (drug delivery systems)
    Mastitis
      Moisturizers (cosmetics)
    Oat
    Ointments (drug delivery systems)
    Parenteral solutions (drug delivery systems)
    Pigments (nonbiological)
    Powders (drug delivery systems)
    Reproductive tract diseases
    Solutions (drug delivery systems)
    Sprays (drug delivery systems)
    Surfactants
    Tablets (drug delivery systems)
    Tooth diseases
    Topical drug delivery systems
    Urtica dioica
    Uterine diseases
    Veterinary medicine
    Wart
        (phytobiol. prepns.)
    Acids, biological studies
IT
      Amino acids, biological studies
    Enzymes, biological studies
      Essential oils
       Peppermint oil
     Tannins
     Vitamins
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (phytobiol. prepns.)
ΙT
    Alcohols, biological studies
     Chlorides, biological studies
     Electrolytes (biological)
     Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
     Gelatins, biological studies
     Lanolin
     Paraffin oils
     Petrolatum
     Phosphates, biological studies
     Salts, biological studies
     Sulfates, biological studies
     Waxes
```

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RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
         (phytobiol. prepns.)
     57-13-6, Urea, biological studies
IT
                                            76-22-2, Camphor
     1406-16-2, Vitamin D
                             9001-54-1, Hyaluronidase 11103-57-4, Vitamin A
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
         (phytobiol. prepns.)
     56-81-5, 1,2,3-Propanetriol, biological studies 1309-48-4, Magnesium oxide, biological studies 7439-95-4D, Magnesium, salts 7440-09-7D,
                                                           1309-48-4, Magnesium
TΤ
     Potassium, salts
                         7440-23-5D, Sodium, salts
                                                       7440-66-6D, Zinc, salts
     7440-70-2D, Calcium, salts 7447-40-7, Potassium chloride, biological
                7647-14-5, Sodium chloride, biological studies
     studies
                                                                      7720-78-7,
                                                                     7758-87-4,
     Ferrous sulfate
                         7757-93-9, Calcium hydrogen phosphate
                             7786-30-3, Magnesium chloride, biological studies
     Tricalcium phosphate
     9000-69-5, Pectin 9002-18-0, Agar 9005-25-8, Starch, biological
                10039-32-4, Disodium hydrogen phosphate dodecahydrate
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
     (phytobiol. prepns.)
57-13-6, Urea, biological studies
ΙT
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
         (phytobiol. prepns.)
     57-13-6 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     Urea (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
H_2N-C-NH_2
L105 ANSWER 13 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
     1997:215659 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     126:203574
ΤI
     Use of benzoic acid derivatives for stimulating the epidermis and for
     treating the skin
     Arraudeau, Jean-Pierre; Aubert, Lucien Les Rocailles
ΙN
PA
     L'Oreal S. A., Fr.
     Eur. Pat. Appl., 9 pp.
SO
     CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
     Patent
LA
     French
IC
     ICM A61K007-48
     62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
     Section cross-reference(s): 63
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND DATE
                                               APPLICATION NO. DATE
                                               _____
     EP 756866
                              19970205
                                               EP 1996-401542
                                                                  19960711
PΙ
                        A1
                      B1
     EP 756866
                              19971210
         R: DE, ES, FR, GB, IT
                                               FR 1995-9305
                                                                  19950731
     FR 2737410
                       A1
                              19970207
     FR 2737410
                        В1
                              19970912
                                               ES 1996-401542
                                                                  19960711
     ES 2113222
                         Т3
                              19980416
                                               US 1996-684863
     US 5766613
                              19980616
                                                                 19960725
                        Α
PRAI FR 1995-9305
                              19950731
     The use of tittle compds. for stimulating the epidermis and for treating
AΒ
     the skin is described. Thus, an gel compn. contained gentisic acid 1, polyacrylamide 1.5, glycerol 5, preservative 0.3, hyaluronic acid 0.1, propylene glycol 2, rose water 10 and water to 100%.
ST
     benzoate epidermis skin
IT
     Cosmetic emulsions
       Cosmetic gels
       Epidermis (skin)
       Lotions (cosmetics)
```

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Skin
        (benzoates for stimulation of epidermis and for treating skin)
     Carbohydrates, biological studies
IT
     Ceramides
     Essential fatty acids
      Essential oils
     Polyhydric alcohols
     Protein hydrolyzates
     Vitamins
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (benzoates for stimulation of epidermis and for treating skin)
     Carboxylic acids, biological studies
ΙT
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (hydroxy; benzoates for stimulation of epidermis and for treating skin)
     Carboxylic acids, biological studies
IΤ
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (oxo; benzoates for stimulation of epidermis and for treating skin)
     Retinoids
ΙT
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (benzoates for stimulation of epidermis and for treating skin)
     50-21-5, biological studies 57-13-6, Urea,
IT
     biological studies
                         65-85-0D, Benzoic acid, derivs.
                                                            69-72-7, Salicylic
     acid, biological studies 77-92-9, Citric acid, biological studies
     79-14-1, biological studies 87-69-4, biological studies
                                                                  90-64-2.
     Mandelic acid 303-38-8, 2,3-Dihydroxybenzoic acid
                                                           490-79-9, Gentisic
     acid
            6915-15-7
                        9005-25-8, Starch, biological studies
                                                                28488-49-5,
     5-Octyl-salicylic acid
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (benzoates for stimulation of epidermis and for treating skin)
     50-21-5, biological studies 57-13-6, Urea,
ΙT
     biological studies
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (benzoates for stimulation of epidermis and for treating skin)
     50-21-5 HCAPLUS
RN
     Propanoic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
   OH
Me-CH-CO2H
     57-13-6 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     Urea (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
H2N-C-NH2
L105 ANSWER 14 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
     1996:401616 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     125:67186
ΤI
     Thickened nonabrasive personal cleansing compositions
     Fowler, Timothy John; Mcmanus, Richard Loren; Deckner, George Endel
IN
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Procter and Gamble Company, USA

PCT Int. Appl., 44 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

PA

SO

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DT
     Patent
LA
     English
     ICM A61K007-48
IC
         A61K007-06
     ICS
CC
     62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
FAN.CNT 1
                      KIND
                                           APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                            DATE
                                                             DATE
                            -----
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                            19960307
                                           WO 1995-US10486 19950816
     WO 9606596
                       A1
PΙ
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             KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO,
             RU, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TT, UA, UZ, VN
         RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT,
             LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE,
             SN, TD, TG
     US 5534265
                            19960709
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                                                             19940826
                       Α
                            19970819
                                           US 1995-466533
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     US 5658577
                       Α
                                           CA 1995-2198476
     CA 2198476
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                            19960307
                                                             19950816
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                            19960322
                                           AU 1995-33301
                                                             19950816
     AU 9533301
                       В2
                            19990603
     AU 705770
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                            19970611
                                           EP 1995-929594
                                                             19950816
     EP 777465
     EP 777465
                       В1
                            19991103
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, PT, SE
                                           CN 1995-195336
     CN 1159160
                            19970910
                                                             19950816
                      Α
                                                             19950816
                       T2
                            19980519
                                            JP 1995-508795
     JP 10505062
                       Ε
                                           AT 1995-929594
                                                             19950816
     AT 186208
                            19991115
                            19940826
PRAI US 1994-296566
                            19950816
     WO 1995-US10486
     The present invention relates to nonabrasive thickened aq.-based personal
AB
     cleansing compns. These compns. utilize insol. micronized cleansing
     particles of defined particle size that are not tactilely perceived by the
     user during the cleansing process, and "yet which provide improve cleansing
     performance from the compn.
     cleansing compn thickened nonabrasive
ST
ΙT
     Aloe barbadensis
     Particle size
     Surfactants
     Witch hazel
        (thickened nonabrasive personal cleansing compns.)
     Paraffin oils
ΙT
     Petrolatum
     Urethane polymers
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (thickened nonabrasive personal cleansing compns.)
TT
     Gelation
        (agents, thickened nonabrasive personal cleansing compns.)
ΙT
     Cosmetics
        (cleansing, thickened nonabrasive personal cleansing compns.)
ΙT
     Essential oils
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (clove, thickened nonabrasive personal cleansing compns.)
IT
     Soaps
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (coco, sodium; thickened nonabrasive personal cleansing compns.)
ΙT
     Cosmetics
        (emollients, thickened nonabrasive personal cleansing compns.)
IT
     Essential oils
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (eucalyptus, thickened nonabrasive personal cleansing compns.)
IT
     Soaps
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
```

```
(sodium tallow, thickened nonabrasive personal cleansing compns.)
     50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies
ΙT
                                       56-81-5, 1,2,3-Propanetriol, biological
     50-99-7D, Glucose, amide derivs.
     studies 57-13-6, Urea, biological studies
                                                57-88-5,
     Cholesterol, biological studies 68-26-8, Retinol
                                                         69-72-7, biological
               76-22-2, Camphor
                                 79-14-1, biological studies
     studies
                       81-13-0, Panthenol 89-78-1, Menthol
     Pantothenic acid
                       97-59-6, Allantoin
     97-53-0, Eugenol
                                           107-64-2,
     Distearyldimethylammonium chloride 110-27-0, Isopropyl myristate
                                123-99-9, Azelaic acid, biological
     112-92-5, Stearyl alcohol
              151-21-3, Sodium lauryl sulfate, biological studies
     studies
                   515-69-5, Bisabolol
                                         661-19-8, Behenyl alcohol
     Retinoic acid
               1337-30-0, Sorbitan laurate 1562-00-1D, Sodium isethionate,
     693-33-4
                        1812-53-9, Dipalmityldimethylammonium chloride
     coco acyl derivs.
     2235-54-3, Ammonium lauryl sulfate
                                        3234-85-3, Myristyl myristate
     3401-74-9, Dilauryldimethylammonium chloride
                                                  6938-94-9, Diisopropyl
              7631-98-3, Sodium lauryl sarcosinate 7664-93-9D, Sulfuric
     adipate
     acid, C16-C18 alkyl esters, sodium salts
                                              9002-84-0, Teflon
                                                                   9002-88-4,
                  9002-88-4D, Polyethylene, oxidized
                                                        9003-05-8,
     Polyethylene
     Polyacrylamide
                     9003-07-0, Polypropylene
                                                9003-07-0D, Polypropylene,
                           9003-27-4, Polyisobutylene
                                                        9003-29-6,
     oxidized
               9003-13-8
                   9003-39-8, Pvp
                                    9003-53-6, Polystyrene
                                                             9004-34-6,
     Polybutylene
     Cellulose, biological studies
                                   9004-82-4, Sodium laureth sulfate
                           9005-00-9, Steareth 21
                                                    9006-65-9, Dimethicone
     9004-95-9, Ceteth 10
     9016-00-6, Poly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)] 9017-21-4, Polymethylstyrene
                 10401-55-5, Cetyl ricinoleate 11099-07-3, Glyceryl stearate
     10108-91-5
                 22794-26-9
                              25231-21-4, Polypropylene glycol stearyl ether
     17162-29-7
                                          25915-57-5, Sucrose dilaurate
     25322-68-3
                25322-69-4
                              25791-96-2
     27100-68-1, Maleic anhydride-vinyl ether copolymer 28905-44-4, Sorbitan
                36521-89-8, Sorbitan distearate
                                                  36574-66-0D, N-coco acyl
     dilaurate
               36653-82-4, Cetyl alcohol
                                          37266-93-6, Sucrose
     derivs.
     laurate
               56451-84-4, Sorbitan stearate
                                              66988-04-3
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (thickened nonabrasive personal cleansing compns.)
IT
     50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies
     57-13-6, Urea, biological studies 89-78-1,
    Menthol
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (thickened nonabrasive personal cleansing compns.)
RN
     50-21-5 HCAPLUS
     Propanoic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
   ОН
Me-CH-CO2H
     57-13-6 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     Urea (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
H2N-C-NH2
RN
     89-78-1 HCAPLUS
CN
     Cyclohexanol, 5-methyl-2-(1-methylethyl)-, (1R, 2S, 5R)-rel- (9CI) (CA
     INDEX NAME)
```

Relative stereochemistry.

IT

Witch hazel

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L105 ANSWER 15 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
     1996:397201 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     125:67183
     Personal cleansing compositions containing micronized polymer particles
ΤI
     and surfactants and emollients
     Fowler, Timothy John; McManus, Richard Loren; Deckner, George Endel
IN
PA
     Procter and Gamble Company, USA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 36 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LΑ
ΙC
     ICM A61K007-48
     ICS A61K007-06
CC
     62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
FAN.CNT 1
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                             DATE
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                            DATE
                                            _____
                            19960307
                                            WO 1995-US10485
                                                            19950816
PΙ
     WO 9606595
                       A1
            AM, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CZ, EE, FI, GE, HU, IS, JP, KG,
             KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO,
             RU, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TT, UA, UZ, VN
         RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT,
             LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE,
             SN, TD, TG
                            19960307
                                            CA 1995-2198475
                                                             19950816
     CA 2198475
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     AU 9533300
                            19960322
                                            AU 1995-33300
                                                             19950816
                       A1
     AU 705449
                       B2
                            19990520
                            19970611
                                            EP 1995-929593
     EP 777464
                       Α1
                                                             19950816
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, PT, SE
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                                            CN 1995-195335
                            19970910
                                                             19950816
     CN 1159159
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                       T2
                                            JP 1995-508794
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                            19980519
     JP 10505061
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                            19980224
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                                            US 1995-521287
                                                             19950829
                       Α
                            19980519
                                            US 1997-802600
                                                             19970219
     US 5753245
PRAI US 1994-296565
                            19940826
     WO 1995-US10485
                            19950816
                            19950829
     US 1995-521287
AB
     The present invention relates to non-abrasive personal care cleansing
     compns. contg. micronized polymer particles, emollients, and surfactants.
     These compns. utilize insol. micronized polymer particles of defined size
     that are not tactilely perceived by the user during the cleansing process,
     and yet which provide improved cleansing performance from the compn. A
     lathering cleanser contained polyethylene beads 4.00, glycerin 3.00, Na
     lauryl sulfate 3.00, Na cocoyl isethionate 2.00,
     cocamidopropylbetaine 2.00, Polyquaternium-10 0.50, Na laureth
     sulfate 0.40, phenoxyethanol 0.40, Me paraben 0.10, propylparaben 0.10,
     and Na2EDTA.
     cleansing compn polymer particle surfactant emollient; cleanser
ST
     polyethylene bead lauryl sulfate cocamidopropylbetaine
IT
     Betaines
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (cetyl di-Me; personal cleansing compns. contg. micronized polymer
        particles and surfactants and emollients)
```

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES

(Uses) (distillate; personal cleansing compns. contg. micronized polymer particles and surfactants and emollients) IT Aloe barbadensis Betaines Petrolatum Petroleum Polyamide fibers, biological studies Urethane polymers RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (personal cleansing compns. contg. micronized polymer particles and surfactants and emollients) IT Surfactants RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (amphoteric, personal cleansing compns. contg. micronized polymer particles and surfactants and emollients) IT Surfactants RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (anionic, personal cleansing compns. contg. micronized polymer particles and surfactants and emollients) IT Soaps RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (bars, personal cleansing compns. contg. micronized polymer particles and surfactants and emollients) IT Surfactants RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (cationic, personal cleansing compns. contg. micronized polymer particles and surfactants and emollients) IT Cosmetics Emulsions (cleansing, personal cleansing compns. contg. micronized polymer particles and surfactants and emollients) IT Cosmetics (cleansing lotions, personal cleansing compns. contg. micronized polymer particles and surfactants and emollients) IT Essential oils RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (clove, personal cleansing compns. contg. micronized polymer particles and surfactants and emollients) IT Fatty acids, biological studies Soaps RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (coco, personal cleansing compns. contg. micronized polymer particles and surfactants and emollients) TΤ Cosmetics RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (emollients, personal cleansing compns. contg. micronized polymer particles and surfactants and emollients) TT Castor oil RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (ethoxylated, personal cleansing compns. contg. micronized polymer particles and surfactants and emollients) IT Essential oils RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(eucalyptus, personal cleansing compns. contg. micronized polymer

particles and surfactants and emollients)

```
IT
     Surfactants
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (ionic, personal cleansing compns. contg. micronized polymer particles
        and surfactants and emollients)
     Surfactants
IT
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (nonionic, personal cleansing compns. contg. micronized polymer
        particles and surfactants and emollients)
IT
     Soaps
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (sodium tallow, personal cleansing compns. contg. micronized polymer
        particles and surfactants and emollients)
ΙT
     Surfactants
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (zwitterionic, personal cleansing compns. contg. micronized polymer
        particles and surfactants and emollients)
TΤ
     50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies
     50-99-7D, Glucose, amides
                                56-81-5, 1,2,3-Propanetriol, biological
                                                57-88-5,
     studies 57-13-6, Urea, biological studies
     Cholesterol, biological studies
                                       68-26-8, Retinol
                                                          69-72-7, biological
               76-22-2, Camphor
                                  79-14-1, biological studies
                                                                79-83-4,
     studies
                                             97-53-0, Eugenol
                       81-13-0, Panthenol
     Pantothenic acid
     Allantoin
                106-19-4, Dipropyl adipate
                                              107-64-2,
     Distearyldimethylammonium chloride 110-27-0, Isopropyl myristate
     112-92-5, Stearyl alcohol 123-99-9, Azelaic acid, biological
                                               151-21-3, Sodium lauryl sulfate,
               142-91-6, Isopropyl palmitate
     studies
     biological studies
                          302-79-4, Retinoic acid
                                                    515-69-5, Bisabolol
     547-64-8, Methyl lactate
                                661-19-8, Behenyl alcohol
     1120-01-0 1490-04-6, Menthol 1562-00-1D, Sodium
                          1812-53-9
                                     2235-54-3, Ammonium lauryl sulfate
     isethionate, cocoyl
     3234-85-3, Myristyl myristate 3401-74-9, Dilauryldimethylammonium
                7631-98-3, Sodium lauryl sarcosinate
                                                       9002-84-0, Teflon
     chloride
     9002-88-4D, Polyethylene, oxidized
                                          9003-07-0, Polypropylene
                                                       9003-27-4,
     9003-07-0D, Polypropylene, oxidized
                                           9003-13-8
     Polyisobutylene
                                                 9003-53-6, Polystyrene
                     9003-29-6, Polybutylene
                                        9004-95-9, Ceteth-10
     9004-82-4, Sodium laureth sulfate
                                                                9006-65-9,
                                                  10108-91-5
                   9017-21-4, Polymethylstyrene
                                                               10401-55-5,
     Dimethicone
     Cetyl ricinoleate
                         11099-07-3, Glyceryl stearate
                                                         25085-02-3,
     Acrylamide-sodium acrylate copolymer 25231-21-4, Polypropyleneglycol
                     25339-99-5, Sucrose laurate
                                                   25791-96-2
                                                                25915-57-5,
     stearyl ether
                         28905-44-4, Sorbitan dilaurate
                                                          36521-89-8, Sorbitan
     Sucrose dilaurate
                  36653-82-4, Cetyl alcohol
                                              37266-93-6, Sucrose
     distearate
     laurate
               56451-84-4, Sorbitan stearate
                                               81859-24-7, Polyquaternium 10
                                 178302-58-4, Acumist A 45
     178302-57-3, Acumist A 25
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (personal cleansing compns. contg. micronized polymer particles and
        surfactants and emollients)
     50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies
IT
     57-13-6, Urea, biological studies 1490-04-6,
     Menthol
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (personal cleansing compns. contg. micronized polymer particles and
        surfactants and emollients)
RN
     50-21-5 HCAPLUS
```

Propanoic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CN

```
OH
Me-CH-CO2H
     57-13-6 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     Urea (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
H2N-C-NH2
     1490-04-6 HCAPLUS
RN
     Cyclohexanol, 5-methyl-2-(1-methylethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
            Pr-i
      OH
L105 ANSWER 16 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
ΑN
     1994:226550 HCAPLUS
DN
     120:226550
ΤI
     Cosmetics containing plant extracts and urea
IN
     Shinho, Tsuneo; Kimura, Mitsutoshi; Masuda, Mitsuharu; Suzuki, Juji;
     Minematsu, Yoshihiro
PA
     Kao Corp, Japan
SO
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
IÇ
     ICM A61K007-48
         A61K007-00
     ICS
     62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
     Section cross-reference(s): 11, 63
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                            DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                              DATE
                             19940201
PΙ
     JP 06024954
                       A2
                                            JP 1992-181159
                                                              19920708
AΒ
     A cosmetic contains urea, water, and .gtoreq. 1 plant
     ext. from the group comprising licorice, tea, aloe, etc.
     Urea which is a skin-conditioning therapeutic agent, is stabilized
     in the formulation in the presence of the plant exts.
ST
     urea cosmetic plant ext
IT
     Clove
       Tea products
     Licorice
     Pharmaceutical natural products
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (ext., cosmetics contg. urea and)
ΙT
     Cosmetics
        (urea and medicinal plant exts. in)
ΙT
     Pharmaceutical natural products
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (aloe, ext., cosmetics contg. urea and)
IT
        (medicinal, cosmetics contg. urea and)
IT
     57-13-6, Urea, biological studies
```

```
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
     (cosmetics contg. plant exts. and) 57-13-6, Urea, biological studies
ΙT
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (cosmetics contg. plant exts. and)
     57-13-6 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     Urea (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
H2N-C-NH2
=> fil wpix
FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 08:39:27 ON 20 DEC 2001
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                                       200174
                                                <200174/DW>
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>>> FOR DETAILS OF THE PATENTS COVERED IN CURRENT UPDATES,
    SEE http://www.derwent.com/dwpi/updates/dwpicov/index.html <<<
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L114 ANSWER 1 OF 15 WPIX
     2001-629601 [73]
                        WPIX
AN
DNC C2001-187897
TΙ
     Skin cosmetics, comprises moisturizing components such as amino
     acid, pyrrolidone carboxylic acid,
     lactic acid and/or betaine, and
     sesquiterpene alcohols.
DC
     D21 E19
IN
     HORI, K; NOJIRI, H; NONOMURA, M
PΑ
     (KAOS) KAO CORP
CYC
    28
                                                5p
PΙ
     JP 2001213754 A 20010807 (200173)*
                                                      A61K007-48
     EP 1136062 A1 20010926 (200173) EN
                                                      A61K007-48
                                                                       <--
         R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT
            RO SE SI TR
     US 2001019717 A1 20010906 (200173)
                                                      A61K035-78
ADT
     JP 2001213754 A JP 2000-20589 20000128; EP 1136062 A1 EP 2001-101645
     20010126; US 2001019717 A1 US 2001-765606 20010122
PRAI JP 2000-20589
                      20000128
     ICM A61K007-48; A61K035-78
TC
         A01N047-28; A01N057-26; A01N065-00; A61K007-00; A61K031-17;
          A61K031-685
AB
     JP2001213754 A UPAB: 20011211
     NOVELTY - Cosmetics comprises (A) moisturizing components such as
     amino acid or its salt, pyrrolidone
     carboxylic acid or its salt, lactic acid or
     its salt and/or betaine, and (B) sesquiterpene
```

alcohols.

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USE - As moisturizer for improving rough and dry skin.
          ADVANTAGE - The cosmetics has excellent moisturizing effect and
     improves roughness of the skin effectively.
     Dwg.0/0
FS
     CPI
     AB; DCN
FΑ
     CPI: D08-B09A; E07-D03; E09-D01; E09-D02; E10-A22D; E10-B02; E10-E04M1;
MC
          E10-E04M2
                    UPTX: 20011211
TECH
     TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Alcohol: The
     sesquiterpene alcohols are nerolidol, cedrol,
     guaiol, vetiverol and/or patchouli alcohol.
                            COPYRIGHT 2001
                                             DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
L114 ANSWER 2 OF 15 WPIX
AN
     2001-376692 [40]
                        WPIX
DNC
    C2001-115288
     Composition comprising oil phase containing wax and aqueous phase
ΤI
     containing hydrophilic active component unstable in oxidizing medium, for
     use in cosmetics.
DC
     D21 E19
ΙN
     AFRIAT, I
     (OREA) L'OREAL SA
PA
CYC
    26
                   A1 20010509 (200140)* FR
                                              10p
                                                     A61K007-00
PI
     EP 1097696
         R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT
            RO SE SI
     FR 2800606
                   A1 20010511 (200140)
                                                     A61K007-00
                                                     A61K007-48
     JP 2001163765 A 20010619 (200140)
                                              10p
    EP 1097696 A1 EP 2000-402861 20001016; FR 2800606 A1 FR 1999-13993
     19991108; JP 2001163765 A JP 2000-339530 20001107
                      19991108
PRAI FR 1999-13993
     ICM A61K007-00; A61K007-48
     ICS A61K007-06; A61K009-107; A61K031-07; A61K031-095; A61K031-121;
          A61K031-17; A61K031-192; A61K031-202; A61K031-351; A61K031-375;
          A61K031-426; A61K031-7048; A61K031-775; A61K033-40;
          A61K035-78; A61K038-00; A61K038-46; A61K047-06; A61P017-00;
          C08L091-06
AB
          1097696 A UPAB: 20010719
     NOVELTY - The composition comprises at least one aqueous phase and at
     least one oil phase (preferably in amount 10-75 wt.%) containing at least
     1 (preferably 5-20) wt.% (per total wt. of composition) of one or more wax
     components. The oil phase, before mixing with aqueous phase, has form of
     supple paste at ambient temperature, and aqueous phase contains at least
     one active hydrophilic component unstable in oxidizing medium.
          DETAILED DESCRIPTION - The composition, which may also contain one or
     more fillers, is in emulsion form, preferably water/oil type, and may
     constitute cosmetic or dermatological product.
          INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for:
          (1) the cosmetic process of treatment and/or cleaning and/or
     protection of skin, mucous membranes and/or keratinic fibers, comprising
     application of the claimed composition;
          (2) use of composition for treatment and/or cleaning and/or
     protection of skin, mucous membranes and/or keratinic fibers;
          (3) use of the composition for preparation of cosmetic composition
     for treatment and/or cleaning and/or protection of skin, mucous membranes
     and/or keratinic fibers;
          (4) use of at least 1 wt.% of one or more wax components in the
     composition comprising oil phase in form of supple paste at ambient
     temperature, and aqueous phase with at least one active hydrophilic agent
     unstable in oxidizing medium, to stabilize such hydrophilic agent; and
          (5) preparation of the composition, using at least at one stage
     mixer/screw extruder or cylindrical grinder, and comprising
          (i) preparation of oil phase in form of supple paste obtained by
```

heating wax component(s) (and optional other components of oil phase) up

to or beyond their melting point, introducing molten mixture into mixer/screw extruder or cylindrical grinder and cooling to ambient

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PΙ

CYC

ADT

FDT

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AB

DNC

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temperature during mixing process (optional other components of oil phase
     can be introduced at this stage),
          (ii) optional addition of emulsifying system to obtained paste, and
          (iii) incorporation, with mixing, of aqueous phase, containing
     hydrophilic agent, into oil phase obtained at stage (1), or of oil phase
     into aqueous phase.
          USE - As cosmetic or dermatological composition.
     Dwg.0/0
    CPI
     AB; DCN
     CPI: D08-B01; D08-B09A; E05-G07; E06-A01; E07-A02B; E07-A03C; E07-F01;
          E10-A09B6; E10-A13B2; E10-B02D1; E10-C03; E10-C04A; E10-E04J
TECH
                    UPTX: 20010719
     TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Components: The wax
     component(s) have melting point at least 50 degreesC, preferably 65
     degreesC.
     Disperse active hydrophilic agent is selected from ascorbic acid (vitamin
     C), its derivatives, especially glycosyl and phosphate derivatives, and
     its esters such as ascorbyl acetate, palmitate and propionate;
     urea; oxygenated water; procystein (L-2-oxothiazolidine
     4-carboxylic acid), its salts or esters; dihydroxyacetone; rutin; enzymes
     such as lipase, protease, phospholipase and cellulases; natural extracts
     such as green tea, extracts of melissa and thyme;
     procyannidolic (sic) oligomers (OPC) such as OPC aubepin, pine and raisin;
     acids such as kojic, capheic, retinoic and benzene 1,4-di-(3-methylidene
     10-camphosulfonic) acid, and their derivatives; glutathione; polyphenols;
     carotenoid derivatives and their mixtures; and is preferably ascorbic acid
     (vitamin C) or its derivative.
     Oil phase has form of supple paste with dynamic viscosity 3-35 Pa.s (at 25
     degreesC), measured using rotation viscometer Contraves TV(TM) provided
     with 60 Hz mobile (sic) MS-r4.
                            COPYRIGHT 2001
                                             DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
L114 ANSWER 3 OF 15 WPIX
     2001-015800 [02]
                        WPIX
     2001-024604 [62]
    C2001-004234
     Health promoting product for human consumption as beverages, food
     products, dietary supplements or as topical skin care application,
     comprises ginseng berry extract.
     D13 D21
    CHEN, J
     (CHEN-I) CHEN J; (EEXC-N) E EXCEL INT INC
     WO 2000064278 A1 20001102 (200102)* EN
                                              24p
                                                     A23L001-212
        RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW NL
            OA PT SD SE SL SZ TZ UG ZW
         W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ
            EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK
            LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI
            SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW
     AU 2000043513 A
                      20001110 (200109)
                                                     A23L001-212
                   B1 20010403 (200120)
     US 6210738
                                                     A23L002-00
                                                     A61K035-78
     US 6238672
                   B1 20010529 (200132)
    WO 2000064278 A1 WO 2000-US10112 20000414; AU 2000043513 A AU 2000-43513
     20000414; US 6210738 B1 CIP of US 1999-298701 19990423, CIP of US
     1999-298703 19990423, CIP of US 1999-298806 19990423, CIP of US
     1999-298807 19990423, US 1999-438806 19991112; US 6238672 B1 US
     1999-298703 19990423
    AU 2000043513 A Based on WO 200064278
                      19991112; US 1999-298245
                                                 19990423; US 1999-298701
PRAI US 1999-438806
                                19990423; US 1999-298703
     19990423; US 1999-298702
                                                           19990423; US
                   19990423; US 1999-298807
     1999-298806
                                              19990423
         A23L001-212; A23L002-00; A61K035-78
     ICM
     ICS
         A23L001-30; A23L002-56; A61K007-26; A61K007-48
     WO 200064278 A UPAB: 20010611
```

NOVELTY - A health promoting product comprises ginseng berry extract.

USE - For human consumption as beverages, food products, dietary supplements and other food and drink products or as topical skin care application (claimed). The product has lower acidity than common citrus fruit juices and does not upset a sensitive stomach. It does not contain any artificial sweetener. It serves as alternate to caffeine containing beverages which can stimulate the consumer without the addictive or health-repressing qualities of caffeine. It also moisturizes the skin.

ADVANTAGE - It is a completely natural and refreshing product which contains many essential vitamins, minerals and amino acids as well as the benefits of selected herbs and royal jelly. An unique or exotic flavor is provided to the use of ginseng berry ingredient. The product produces mental and physical stimulation as well as other health benefits.

Dwg.0/0

FS CPI

FA AB

MC CPI: D03-H01T; D08-B09

TECH UPTX: 20010110

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - FOOD - Preferred Composition: The product such as beverage further comprises one or more natural health promoting ingredients such as cactus fruit or its extract. Preferred Form: The product is in the form of powder or topical application.

Preferred Ingredients: The product comprises ingredients such as akebia stem, alisma tuber, American lovage root, ammonium seed, angelica root, Angelica sinensis (dong Quai), apple, asparagus, atractykides rhizome, atractylodis root, bamboo leaf, banana, barley sprouts, barley, bee pollen, bell flower root, black bean, bluberry, broccoli, broomrape, burdock seed, cabbage, cactus, camellia flower, cantaloupe, carrot extract, carrot, Cassia seed, Cassia toa, Cassia tora extract, Cassia tora, Chinese date, Chinese yam, Chinese lovage root, Chinese catnip, Chinese plum, Chinese Dodder, Chinese Privet, chrysanthemum extract, Chrysanthemum flower, chuan xiong root, chauan xiong, cinnamon bark, citrus peel, cnidium, cornel fruit, dong quai, eucommia bark, fang-feng root, fennel seed, forty knot root, ganoderma, ginger root, ginseng root, golden bell fruit, grape seed extract, grape juice, grape fruit, grapes, honeydew, jasmine flowers, ji tsau herb, Ji-ling Genseng, Jing-jie, kelp, leek seed, lemon, Lentinus edodes (Shiitake Mushroom), licorice, licorice root, lotus seed, Lotus root, loutus leaf, luffa, lycium fruit, magnolia flower, menthol leaf, mint, mongoliavine fruit, morinda root, mulberry, mushroom, orange peel, papermulberry, peach, pear, pear juice, pear juice concentrate, pearl powder, Pearl Extract, peas, peppermint, perilla, pineapple, pineapple juice concentrate, pinellia root, poria (mushroom powder), radish, red date, reed rhizome, reed root, rice sprouts, rice, royal jelly, senega root, siler, silver flower, soybean, soybean extract, spinach, Stevia, strawberry, tangerine peel, tomato, vanilla, white willow bark, Wild ginger or yeuan wu root. The product comprises one or more natural health promoting ingredients comprising cactus fruit or cactus fruit extract. A topical skin care application comprising ginseng berry extract. The skin care application comprises one or more natural health promoting ingredients comprises cactus fruit or cactus fruit extract.

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L114 ANSWER 4 OF 15 WPIX
                            COPYRIGHT 2001
                                            DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
     2000-574680 [54]
ΑN
                        WPIX
DNC
     C2000-171715
     Skin cosmetics e.g., lotion, creams, perfumes and ointments, comprises an
TΙ
     acerola extract mixed with a cell activator and/or a moisturizer.
DC
     B04 D21
PA
     (KOSE-N) KOSE KK; (NCHK) NICHIREI KK
CYC
                                                      A61K007-00
PΙ
     JP 2000212027 A 20000802 (200054)*
                                               12p
ADT
     JP 2000212027 A JP 1999-16536 19990126
PRAI JP 1999-16536
                      19990126
IC
     ICM A61K007-00
         A61K007-027; A61K007-48; A61K007-50; A61K035-78;
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A61P017-00; A61P017-16
AB
```

JP2000212027 A UPAB: 20001027

NOVELTY - Skin cosmetics (I) comprises acerola extract mixed with a cell activator and/or moisturizer

ACTIVITY - Vulnerary.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Cell growth activator. Human neonate fibroblast was seeded in 5% CO2 at 37 deg. C. 100 mu g of cell activator and 100 mg of acerola extract were added. Number of cells proliferated was measured. A very high cell growth enhancing effect was obtained.

USE - As skin cosmetics such as lotion, cream, moisturizers, ointments, perfumes etc. Also useful for treating wounds, burns cracks, sore, hemorrhoidal diseases etc.

ADVANTAGE - Improves rough skin and prevents aging of skin. Drug efficacy is improved and skin moisture is preserved. Wrinkle formation is inhibited by maintaining the skin tension. Dwg.0/0

CPI

FS

FΑ AB; DCN

CPI: B01-A02; B03-L; B04-A06; B04-A10; B04-B03B; B04-B04L; B04-B04M; MC B04-E01; B06-D09; B10-C04E; B14-N17A; B14-N17B; D08-B09A

UPTX: 20001027 TECH

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Composition: The cell activator is a nucleic acid such as RNA, DNA or their salts, cAMP, cGMP, FAD, guanine, adenine, cytosine, thymine, xanthine, caffeine, theophylline or their derivatives and salts; an animal extract such as extract obtained from placenta, calf blood, deproteinized blood serum, egg, spleen, cockscomb, shellfish, shellfish meal, royal jelly, silk protein, hemoglobin, lactoferrin, mollusk, fish or meat or their extracts; microbial extracts obtained from fermentation metabolites; vitamins such as A, B, C or their derivatives and their salts; extracts from asparagus, apricot, ginkgo, ginseng, barley, phellodendron bark, orange, cucumber, kiwi, shiitake mushroom, field horsetail Equisetum arvense, swertia, jujube, Calendula officinalis, red pepper, garlic, carrot, hoelen, beech bud, peach, lettuce, lemon, eucalyptus, reishi mushroom, rosemary, hinokitiol, cepharanthine, grape seed oil, alpha, beta-linolenic acid, eicosapentanoic acid, estradiol, their salts or derivatives. Organic acids such as glycolic acid, succinic acid, lactic acid , salicylic acid, their derivatives or their salts. Moisturizer added to (I) is alkali simple hot spring water, deep sea water, mucopolysaccharides, proteins, phospholipids derived from soybean or egg, saccharides such as glycolipid, ceramide, mucin, honey, erythritol, maltose, malitol, xylitol, xylose, pentaerythritol, fructose, dextrin or their derivatives, urea, amino acids or their derivatives and salts, extracts from D-panthenol, avocado, althea, arnica, Angelica keiskei, aloe, almond, Ceratonia siliqua, rice, strawberry, fennel, turmeric, mallow, asiasarum root, perilla oil, goldthread, olive oil, Laminum album, Hypericum erectum, scutellaria, ononis, seaweed, cocoa butter, capillaris, chamomile, oats, liquorice, Hedera rhombea, raspberry and extract from other 76 plants. 0.00005-5 weight% of acerola extract is present as dry solid content and 0.00001-10 weight% of cell activator is present. 0.00001-70 weight% of moisturizer is

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L114 ANSWER 5 OF 15 WPIX
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                                            DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
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2000-086403 [07] ΑN WPIX

added, preferably.

DNN N2000-067826 DNC C2000-024021

Preparation of pharmaceutical and cosmetic composition used e.g. as bath TI

DC A96 B04 D13 D21 P13

IN ARMENGOL SEGURA, R; BENAIGES BENAIGES, M A

PΑ (PROV-N) PROVITAL SA

CYC

PΙ WO 9956712 A1 19991111 (200007) \* ES 34p A61K007-06

> RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ UG ZW

W: AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE FI GB GD

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GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV
            MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT
            UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW
                    A1 19991116 (200007)
     ES 2136580
                                                         A61K007-06
                       19991123 (200016)
     AU 9933337
                    Α
                                                         A61K007-06
                    B1 20000701 (200038)
     ES 2136580
                                                         A61K007-06
     WO 9956712 A1 WO 1999-ES103 19990420; ES 2136580 A1 ES 1998-939 19980505;
ADT
     AU 9933337 A AU 1999-33337 19990420; ES 2136580 B1 ES 1998-939 19980505
FDT
     AU 9933337 A Based on WO 9956712
                       19980505
PRAI ES 1998-939
IC
     ICM A61K007-06
     ICS
          A01G031-00; A61K007-48; A61K035-78
AB
          9956712 A UPAB: 20000209
     NOVELTY - Preparation of pharmaceutical or cosmetic products comprises:
           (1) obtaining an extract of vegetable seeds by germination of seeds
     biologically cultivated in water in the absence of pesticides and
     additives and
           (2) mixing with other additives and/or excipients.
          DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for the
     product prepared as above comprising at least 0.01 wt.% germinated seed
     extract.
          ACTIVITY - Dermatological
          USE - The product is useful as a bath gel, liquid soap, shampoo,
     conditioner, hair tonic, aftershave balm, high protection sun cream,
     medium protection sun milk, face tonic, hydrating cream, serum for
     preventing skin aging or make-up product.
          ADVANTAGE - The composition stimulates cutaneous and capillary
     metabolism and has hydrating properties.
     Dwq.0/0
     CPI GMPI
FS
FA
     AB; DCN
     CPI: A12-V01; A12-V04C; B04-A10G; B04-B01C1; B04-B01C3; B04-C02; B04-C02D;
MC
          B04-C03; B05-A01B; B05-A03A; B05-A03B; B10-A09B; B10-A22; B10-B03B;
          B10-C02; B10-C04D; B10-D03; B10-E02; B10-E04A; B10-E04B; B10-E04C;
          B10-E04D; B10-F02; B10-G02; B14-N17; B14-R01; D03-H01; D08-B01;
          D08-B04; D08-B09A; D09-E
                     UPTX: 20000209
TECH
     TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Process: Germination of
     the seeds is hydroponic in an open container at 18-20degreesC and ambient
     humidity of 70-75\% under artificial light, ultraviolet light and ultrasonics. Germination is for 5-15 days. The seeds are of soya, maize,
     wheat, oats, millet, maize, barley, rye, alfalfa, radish, peanuts, peas or
     beans.
     Preferred Composition: Bath gel comprises (in wt.%): 2 seed extract (SE),
     24.70 water (W), 55 28% sodium lauryl ether sulfate (SLES), 0.05
     preservative (P), 0.30 PEG-4 rapes sedande (I), 16 30%
     cocoamidopropylbetaine (CPB), 1 glycerol PEG-7-cocoate (GPC), 0.50
     perfume (PF), 0.06 99% triethanolamine (TEA), 0.04 CI16035 (X),
     0.20 CI191401 (XI) and 0.15 NaCl.
     Liquid soap comprises (in wt.%): 2 SE, 55.87 W, 0.20 hydroxypropyl guar
     hydroxypropyltrimonio chloride (HGT), 0.03 citric acid (CA), 30.00 40%
     triethanolamine lauryl sulfate, 0.50 P, 8.00 CPB, 0.50 dimethicone copolyol (DMC), 0.50 GPC, 2.00 50% acylpolyglucose and 10.40 PF.
     Shampoo comprises (in wt.%): 2.00 SE, 57.10 W, 0.50 P, 4.00 CPB, 5.00 30%
     cocoamidopropylamine oxide (CPO), 17.00 30% sodium lauryl ether
     sulfosuccinate (SLS), 1.30 cocoamidomonoethanolamide (CME), 12.00 37%
     sodium 14-16C olefinic sulfonate, 0.10 lactic acid
     (LA), 0.50 NaCl and 0.50 PF.
     Shampoo conditioner comprises (in wt.%): 1 SE, 0.05 HGT, 0.25
     polyquaternium-10, 55.20 W, 0.10 LA, 28.00 sodium lauryl ether sulfate (SLES), 0.05 quaternium-15, 0.15 methyl paraben, 0.30 pantothenol, 1.50
     polyquaternium-39, 5.00 CPB, 1.50 25% stearamine oxide, 5.00 50% decyl
     polyglucosyl (DPG), 0.80 50:50 propylene glycol:propylene glycol oleate,
     0.40 PF, 0.60 LA and 0.10 NaCl.
     Skin tonic comprises (in wt.%): 1.50 SE, 65.11 W, 30.00 modified alcohol,
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2.50 PVP/VA copolymer, 0.20 P, 0.50 hydrogenated castor oil PEG-40, 0.10

PF, 0.02 50% triethanolamine, 0.06 CI16225, CI47005 and/or CI42051 and 0.01 CI19140. Aftershave balm comprises (in wt.%): 2.00 SE, 72.35 W, 0.30 acrylates/10-30 alkylacrylates crosspolymer, 2.00 glycerine, 8.00 Aloe barbadensis, 0.15 99% modified alcohol, 0.20 menthol, 0.05 BHT, 0.05 P,  $3.00\ PPG-15\ stearylic\ ester,\ 1.25\ PF,\ 0.10\ bisabolol\ and\ 0.10\ disodium$ ethylenediamine tetraacetic acid. High protection skin cream comprises (in wt.%): 2.00 SE, 6.00 50:50 PEG-100 stearate and/or glycerylstearate, 3.00 vaseline, 2.50 cetylic alcohol, 9.00 liquid vaseline oil, 9.00 octyl methoxycinnamate, 3.50 3-benzophenone, 1.50 oil (OL) from Triticum vulgare seeds, 0.10 BHT, 55.40 W, 2.00 propylene glycol, 0.70 P, 0.30 PF and 3.00 titanium dioxide. Make up composition comprises (in wt.%): 2.00 SE, 2.00 cetyl dimethicone copolyol, 0.75 3-polyglyceryl oleate, 2.00 cetyl dimethicone, 3.00 octyl palmitate, 0.40 hydrogenated castor oil, 0.80 beeswax, 1.00 decylicoleate, 0.25 dimethicone of 350 cst, 3.00 octylstearate, 15.00 cyclomethicone, 0.30 brown iron oxides, 2.10 black, red and/or yellow titanium dioxide, 64.90 water, 0.50 NaCl and 2.00 propylene glycol. Medium protection skin milk comprises (in wt.%): 1 SE, 3.00 ceteth-20 and/or glyceryl stearate, 5.00 steareth 7, steareth 10 and/or stearyl alcohol, 1.00 cetyl alcohol, 4.00 capric/caprylic triglyceride, 0.10 BHT, 3.00 OL, 1.00 3-benzophenone, 7.00 vaseline oil, 4.00 octyl methoxycinnamate, 72.35 W, 0.35 PF and 0.70 P. Facial tonic comprises (in wt.%): 2.00 SE, 79.30 W, 15.00 dog rose water, 0.50 P, 2.50 propylene glycol, 0.10 PF, 0.60 PEG-40 hydrogenated castor oil and CI16035. Hydrating cream comprises (in wt.%): 2.00 SE, 1.60 steareth-21, 2.40 steareth-2, 4.00 PEG-15 steryl ether, 3.00 liquid vaseline oil, 0.60 P, 3.00 cetyl alcohol, 0.50 3-benzophenone, 1.00 OL, 0.10 BHT, 1.00 cera alba, 2.50 propylene glycol, 75.90 W, 2.00 dimethicone copolyol and 0.40 Antiaging serum for skin comprises (in wt.%): 2.00 SE, 2.00 propylene glycol, 0.20 xanthan gum, 91.70 W, 0.60 P, 1.00 polyacrylamide isoparaffin 13-14C and/or lauryl ether-7, 2.00 octylcocoate, 0.15 PF, 0.10 LA, 0.02 CI42090 and 0.03 CI19140. L114 ANSWER 6 OF 15 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2001 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD 2000-063503 [06] WPIX C2000-017829 Use of catechin compounds, e.g. in green tea extract, in cosmetic and dermatological preparations, especially for application to dry skin. B02 B04 D21 E13 DOERING, T; MAX, H; SANDHOFF, K; SCHOENROCK, U; SCHREINER, V; STAEB, F (BEIE) BEIERSDORF AG 20 A1 19991209 (200006)\* DE 19824727 10p A61K007-48 WO 9962478 A1 19991209 (200006) DE A61K007-48 RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE W: JP US A1 20010314 (200116) DE A61K007-48 EP 1082100 R: DE ES FR GB IT SE DE 19824727 A1 DE 1998-19824727 19980603; WO 9962478 A1 WO 1999-EP3777 19990601; EP 1082100 A1 EP 1999-926491 19990601, WO 1999-EP3777 19990601 EP 1082100 A1 Based on WO 9962478 PRAI DE 1998-19824727 19980603 ICM A61K007-48 ICS A61K035-78 DE 19824727 A UPAB: 20000209 NOVELTY - Catechins and their cholanic acid (literally: bile acid) esters as well as plant extracts containing them are used to prevent, treat and care for dry skin and to improve skin condition by stimulating sphingolipid synthesis or strengthening the lipid barrier. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - Use of catechins and their cholanic acid (literally: bile acid) esters, including aqueous and organic plant

extracts containing them, e.g. from leaves of Theaceae, especially Camellia sinensis (green tea), or their typical

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components, e.g. polyphenols, catechins, caffeine, vitamins, sugars, minerals, amino acids, lipids), for: (a) the prevention, treatment and/or care of dry skin or (b) the stimulation of the sphingolipid synthesis in or the strengthening of the lipid barrier of human skin is new. USE - In cosmetic and dermatological skin preparations. ADVANTAGE - The catechin compounds and their extracts are cheaper and more effective than conventionally used intercellular lipid mixtures, especially ceramides. Also, they are physiologically acceptable and have a rapid and long-lasting action. Dwg.0/0 CPI AB; DCN CPI: B01-D01; B03-L; B04-A06; B04-A08C2; B04-A09A; B04-A10B; B04-B01B; B04-D01; B06-A01; B10-B02; B14-N17; D08-B09A; E06-A01; E10-B02 UPTX: 20000203 TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Catechins: The catechin is (+)- or (-)-catechin, (-)-catechin gallate, (-)-gallocatechin gallate, (+)- or (-)-epicatechin, (-)-epicatechin gallate, (-)-epigallocatechin or (-)-epigallocatechin gallate. L114 ANSWER 7 OF 15 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2001 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD 1999-444749 [38] WPIX C1999-131132 Powder composition comprises skin irritation reducing agent useful as antimicrobial agent, and skin-cooling and skin smoothing agent. B04 B05 D21 HOPKINS, J; KHAIAT, A V; NITKHUNKASEM, A; NITIKHUNKASEM, A (JOHJ) JOHNSON & JOHNSON RES PTY LTD; (JOHJ) JOHNSON & JOHNSON; (JOHJ) JOHNSON & JOHNSON CONSUMER CO INC A 19990708 (199938)\* 16p A61K007-48 AU 9896995 A 19990804 (199949) A 20000411 (200025) A61K035-78 <--CN 1224619 US 6048549 A61K009-14 A1 20000418 (200027) <--SG 71877 A61K007-48 BR 9805586 A 20000411 (200031) A61K035-78 AU 9896995 A AU 1998-96995 19981209; CN 1224619 A CN 1998-126534 19981219; US 6048549 A Provisional US 1997-68262P 19971219, US 1998-208322 19981209; SG 71877 A1 SG 1998-5248 19981207; BR 9805586 A BR 1998-5586 19981217 19971219; US 1998-208322 PRAI US 1997-68262P 19981209 ICM A61K007-48; A61K009-14; A61K035-78 A61K007-035; A61K031-045; A61K031-205; A61P017-02 9896995 A UPAB: 19990922 NOVELTY - A powder composition comprises (wt. composition) a skin irritation reducing agent comprising 1-carboxy-N,N,Ntrimethylmethanaminium hydroxide inner salt (I), scutallaria extract (II), bisabolol (III), and their mixtures. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following: a powder composition, comprising: (a) 50 to less then 100 % talc, cornstarch or a mixture thereof; (b) 0.01-0.5 % menthol; (c) 0.01-0.5 % eucalyptus oil; (d) 0.1-10 % zinc oxide; (e) 0.005-50 % 1-carboxy-N, N, N-trimethylmethanaminium hydroxide inner salt; (f) 0.00001-0.10 % scutellaria baicalensis extract; and (g) 0.10-5.0 % chloroxylenol; and (2) a method of treating prickly heat in humans comprising topical application of (I), scutellaria baicalensis extract, (III), or mixtures thereof. ACTIVITY - Antimicrobial.

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A powder composition (see 'EXAMPLE') was administered to 28 babies and samples of Johnson's Baby Prickly Heat Powder was given to 32 other babies, all of whom had symptoms of prickly heat rash. The later application did not contain either Scutellaria Baicalensis extract or

1-carboxy-N,N,N-trimnethylmethanaminium hydroxide inner salt (I), but does include about 200 g 0.2 % Chamomile oil. About 93 % of the participants were classified as having mild to moderate rashes and about 7 % were classified as having more severe rashes. The parents applied the powder of the invention to the infected area(s) of their babies after washing and patting dry at least twice a day for 10 consecutive days. Following this, 96.9 % of the babies treated with Johnson's Baby Prickly Heat powder and 92.9 % of the babies treated with the composition of the present invention had shown improvement in their rashes. 92.8 % of the participants who had the present invention composition applied to their skin, showed rash improvement after only 5 days of treatment and further improved/cleared after 10 days of treatment. Similarly 96.87 % of those using the Johnson's composition reported an improvement in their rashes after 5 days, and further improvement/clearing within 10 days of treatment.

This demonstrated that the composition powder of the present invention effectively cleared and prevented the symptoms of prickly heat rash. It was also found that the rash clearing and treating ability of the composition was independent of body rash numbers or site.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - None given.

USE - The powder compositions are antimicrobial, give a skin-cooling action and skin smoothing properties. They also relieve sufferers from prickly heat (Miliaria Rubra).

ADVANTAGE - The powder compositions work without the use of harsh antimicrobial agents which may irritate sensitive skin. Dwg.0/0

FS CPI

FA AB; DCN

CPI: B04-A08; B04-A10; B04-A10A; B04-B01C1; B05-A03A; B07-D02; B10-A22; MC. B10-E02; B10-E04A; B10-E04B; B14-A01; B14-A02; B14-A03; B14-A04; B14-N17; D08-B09A

TECH UPTX: 19990922

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Composition: (I) is present at 0.005-50 (preferably 0.05-10) wt. %. The scutallaria extract is scutallaria baicalensis, and is present at 0.00001-0.1 (preferably 0.0001-0.08) wt. %. The composition further comprises a cooling agent, especially menthol; eucalyptus oil; peppermint oil; cyclohexanol, 5-methyl-2-(1-methylethenyl); 6-isopropyl-9-methyl-1,4dioxaspiro-(4,5)-decane-2-methanol, 1-menthone glycerol ketal; 5-methyl-2-(1-methyl ethyl)-cyclohexyl-2-hydroxypropionate, 1-menthyl lactate, acid/-menthyl ester; menthyl pyrrolidone carboxylate or mixture thereof, especially eucalyptus oil, menthol or mixtures thereof. The cooling agents are present at 0.01-0.50 % menthol; and 0.01-0.50 eucalyptus oil. The composition also comprises an antimicrobial agent, especially benzethonium chloride, chloroxylenol (preferably p-chloro-3,5-m-xylenol), or mixture thereof. The antimicrobial is present at 0.1-5.0 %.

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L114 ANSWER 8 OF 15 WPIX
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                                             DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
                       WPIX
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1998-506473 [43] AN

DNC C1998-152852

TΙ Medical or cosmetic composition for treating sports injuries, etc. comprises essential oil, spice and/or herb.

DC B04 D21

FLETCHER, J C; RILEY, M J H; HARGREAVES RILEY, M J ΙN

PA (RILE-N) RILEY FLETCHER FOUND; (FLET-I) FLETCHER J C; (RILE-I) HARGREAVES RILEY M J

CYC 82

PT WO 9840086 A2 19980917 (199843) \* EN qe8 A61K035-00

RW: AT BE CH DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW NL OA PT SD SE SZ UG ZW

W: AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI GB GE GH GM GW HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG US UZ VN YU ZW

AU 9864082 A 19980929 (199906) EP 973529 A2 20000126 (200010) EN

A61K035-00 A61K035-00

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R: AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC NL PT SE
                   B1 20010828 (200151)
                                                     A61K035-78
     US 6280751
                                                                      <--
                                              93p
                                                     A61K035-78
     JP 2001514650 W 20010911 (200167)
                                                                      <--
     WO 9840086 A2 WO 1998-GB708 19980310; AU 9864082 A AU 1998-64082 19980310;
ADT
     EP 973529 A2 EP 1998-909591 19980310, WO 1998-GB708 19980310; US 6280751
     B1 WO 1998-GB708 19980310, US 1999-380971 19991105; JP 2001514650 W JP
     1998-539347 19980310, WO 1998-GB708 19980310
     AU 9864082 A Based on WO 9840086; EP 973529 A2 Based on WO 9840086; US
FDT
     6280751 B1 Based on WO 9840086; JP 2001514650 W Based on WO 9840086
                      19970310
PRAI GB 1997-4904
     ICM A61K035-00; A61K035-78
         A61K006-00; A61K007-00; A61K007-48; A61K009-20; A61K009-48;
          A61P017-00; A61P017-02; A61P043-00
AB
          9840086 A UPAB: 19981028
     Medical or cosmetic composition comprises at least 1 essential oil in
     combination with at least 1 spice and/or at least 1 herb.
          The essential oil is preferably selected from bergamot, chamomile,
     german, chamomile maroc, chamomile roman, cinnamon zeylanicum, clove buds,
     eucalyptus globulus, frankincense, fennel, hyssop, juniper, lemon grass,
     mountain savoury, niaouli, red thyme, rosemary, rose
     geranium, tagestes and ylang ylang. The Chinese herbs are selected from
     Acaia Catechu, Acanthopanax granilistylus, Caesalpinia Sappan and
     Epimedium Spinosa. The spices are selected from asapoetidia, coconut,
     coriander, fenugreek and horseradish. The composition also contains Aloe
     vera extract , a honey product and at least 1 vitamin, mineral,
     amino acid, enzyme, flavouring and/or Bach flower
     remedy.
          USE - The medical composition is used for treating disease or
     physical disability or sports injuries, or for build up and maintenance of
     the immune system or for protection against disease or pollution. The
     cosmetic formulation is used for skin care and/or weight management. The
     cosmetic composition is topically applied
     Dwq.0/0
FS
     CPI
     ΑB
FΑ
     CPI: B04-A08; B04-A09; B04-A10; B04-B01A; B04-B01C; B14-N17; D08-B09A
MC
L114 ANSWER 9 OF 15 WPIX
                           COPYRIGHT 2001
                                             DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
ΑN
     1998-381240 [33]
                        WPIX
DNC
    C1998-115876
     External dermatological composition for improvement of dry and rough skin
TI
     - comprises urea as active ingredient, higher fatty acid, higher
     alcohol, organic amine, vegetable oil and sunflower oil.
     B04 D21
DC
PΑ
     (KANE) KANEBO LTD
CYC
ΡI
                   A 19980609 (199833) *
                                               4p
                                                     A61K007-48
     JP 10152428
ADT
     JP 10152428 A JP 1996-325975 19961120
PRAI JP 1996-325975
                      19961120
IC
     ICM A61K007-48
         A61K007-00; A61K031-17; A61K035-78
     TCS
AB
     JP 10152428 A UPAB: 19980819
     External dermatologic composition comprises: (a) urea as an
     active ingredient, (b) a higher fatty acid, higher alcohol, organic amine,
     (c) vegetable oil(s) selected from olive oil, macadamia nut oil, olive
     squalane, jojoba oil, castor oil, safflower oil and sunflower oil, (d) a
     polyhydric alcohol and (e) plant extract(s) of peach, Aloe, Camomile,
     Hibiscus L., Sage, loquat, cucumber, Hedera helix L., Curcumae Rhizoma,
     Equisetum arvense L., Rosemary, carrot, tea, Paeoniae Radix,
     Swertiae Herba, loofah, Valerianae Japonicae Radix, Scutellariae Radix,
     Gentianae Radix, Geranii Herba, burdock, Crataegi Fructus, Lentinus edodes
     Sing., Mori Cortex, Zizyphi Inermi Fructus, citrus peel, Ligustici Radix,
     Fungus Hoelen, pine cone, Coicis Semen, Tilia japonica Simonkai, white
     birch, orange, Calendula officinalis L., tomato, Tilia miqueliana Maxim.,
     hop, lily and apple.
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USE - The compsn. is useful for the improvement of dry and rough skin

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ADVANTAGE - The compsn. is stable on storage at low temperature for a
     month.
     Dwg.0/0
FS
     CPI
FA
     AB; DCN
     CPI: B03-H; B04-A10; B04-B01C1; B04-B01C3; B14-N17; D08-B09A
MC
L114 ANSWER 10 OF 15 WPIX
                             COPYRIGHT 2001
                                              DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
ΑN
     1997-347385 [32]
                       WPIX
    C1997-111849
DNC
TΙ
     Composition for external use for e.g. rough skin - containing e.g. active
     oxygen scavenger and astaxanthin.
DC
     B05 D21 E19
     (ITAN-N) ITANO REITO KK; (KOSE-N) KOSE KK
PA
CYC
     1
                  A 19970603 (199732)*
                                              25p
                                                     A61K031-12
PI
     JP 09143063
    JP 09143063 A JP 1995-326241 19951122
ADT
PRAI JP 1995-326241
                      19951122
     ICM A61K031-12
IC
         A61K007-00; A61K007-48; A61K031-045; A61K031-07;
          A61K031-095; A61K031-19; A61K031-21; A61K031-35; A61K031-355;
          A61K031-375; A61K031-40; A61K031-415; A61K031-44; A61K031-51;
          A61K031-525; A61K031-575; A61K031-59; A61K031-70; A61K031-715;
          A61K031-725; A61K033-00; A61K035-14; A61K035-28; A61K035-50;
          A61K035-64; A61K035-74; A61K035-78; A61K035-84; A61K038-00;
          A61K038-44; A61K045-06
AΒ
     JP 09143063 A UPAB: 19970806
     New composition comprises (A) astaxanthin and (B) one or more than two
     medicinal substance(s) selected from active oxygen scavenger, antioxidant,
     cell activator, anti-inflammatory agent, tyrosinase activity inhibitor and
     moisturiser.
          Medicinal substance is preferably active oxygen scavenger such as
     SOD, mannitol, hydroquinone, bilirubin, cholesterol, tryptophan,
     histidine, quercetin, ginko leaves extracts, Cortex Acanthopanacis radicis
     extracts; anti-oxidant such as vitamin A, B, C, D and E, glutathione, BHT
     and BHA; preferably cell activator such as deoxyribonucleic acid,
     adenosine triphosphate, adenosine monophosphate, ribonucleic acid,
     quanine, xanthine, serum extracts, spleen extracts, placenta extracts,
     royal jelly, enzyme extracts, lactic acid bacteria
     extracts, Bifidus bacteria extracts, ganoderma extracts; ginseng extracts,
     swertia herba extracts, rosemary extracts, phellodendron bark extracts,
     ginger extracts, hinokitiol extracts; alpha- and gamma- linolenic
     acid, eicosapentaenoic acid, succinic acid, estradiol; anti-inflammatory
     agent such as glycyrrhizin acid, glycyrrhetinic acid, mefenamic acid,
     phenylbutazone, indomethacin, ibuprofen, ketoprofen, zinc oxide, sodium
     diclofenac, aloe extracts; tyrosinase activity inhibitor such as cysteine,
     inulae flos extracts, nomame herba extracts.
          USE - The composition is used as skin external preparation, cosmetics
     or quasi drugs, and is effective for the treatment of rough skin,
     inflammation, tanning or ageing of the skin caused by active oxygen;
     wounds, chaps, sore, haemorrhoids, burns; strains and freckles caused by
     sunburns; and darkening of the skin.
     Dwg.0/0
     CPI
FS
FΑ
     AB; DCN
MC
     CPI: B01-D02; B03-L; B04-A06; B04-A08C2; B04-A10; B04-B03; B04-B04D4;
          B04-B04G; B04-C02E; B04-N02; B05-A01B; B05-A03A; B06-A01; B06-D01;
          B07-H; B09-A; B10-A06; B10-A07; B10-B02C; B10-B04A; B10-B04B;
          B10-C02; B10-C03; B10-C04; B10-J02; B14-C03; B14-N17; B14-S08;
          D08-B09A; E10-F02A1
                             COPYRIGHT 2001
                                              DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
L114 ANSWER 11 OF 15 WPIX
AN
     1995-399342 [51]
                        WPIX
DNC C1995-170822
     Extn. of plant material, useful in skin improving articles, e.g. soap,
ΤI
     cosmetics, etc. - by adding one or mixt. of amylases and proteinases,
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Aspergillus microorganisms etc. to skin improving plants, e.g. aloe.
DC
     B04 D16 D21
     (SHIK-N) SHIKOKU SOGO KENKYUSHO KK
PA
CYC
     JP 07274977
                 A 19951024 (199551)*
                                               3p
                                                     C12P001-00
PΙ
     JP 07274977 A JP 1994-75199 19940414
ADT
PRAI JP 1994-75199
                      19940414
     ICM C12P001-00
IC
         A61K007-06; A61K007-48; A61K007-50; A61K035-78;
          C07G017-00; C11D009-38; C12P001-02
ICI
     C12P001-02, C12R001:6
     JP 07274977 A UPAB: 19960618
AΒ
     Extn. of plant comprises addn. of one or a mixt. of starch- and protein
     decomposing enzymes, Aspergillus microorganisms and polysaccharide
     decomposing microorganisms to one or more skin-improving plants of
     ginseng, Houttuynia cordata Thumb., Saururaceae, aloe, Eriobotrya japonica
     Lindl leaves, Rosaceae, peach trees leaves, Lycium chinese
     Mill., Solanaceae, peonies, and garlics to cause enzymatic reaction.
          Also claimed are extn. method comprising adding one or a mixt. of
     yeasts, lactic acid bacteria and fat-decomposing
     enzymes to the reaction mixt. during or after the enzymatic reaction; and
     (ii) obtd. extract.
          USE/ADVANTAGE - Skin-improving articles contg. the extract comprises
     basic cosmetics, bathing agents, soaps, body shampoos and application
     agents for remedying skin diseases (claimed). Tonic agents and hair
     shampoos contg. the extract of Houttuynia cordata Thumb. and/or leaves of
     Eriobotrya japonica Lindl are also claimed. Articles improve the
     appearance and glossiness of the skin, cures skin diseases, such as
     eczema, and have a tonic effect.
     Dwg.0/0
FS
     CPI
FA
     AB
     CPI: B04-A10; B04-B04M; B14-N17; D05-A02; D05-H; D08-B09A
MC
L114 ANSWER 12 OF 15 WPIX
                             COPYRIGHT 2001
                                              DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
AN
     1995-293481 [39]
                        WPIX
DNC
    C1995-132137
TI
     Lotion to protect skin from carcinogenic chemicals, sunburn etc. - contg.
     cetyl alcohol, urea, vitamin-C, camomile, lavender,
     ginger, acetic acid, oil, sodium bi carbonate, 'Emulgade CLB'
     ētc..
DC
     B04 D21
IN
     CANDELARIO, R D
PA
     (CAND-I) CANDELARIO R D
CYC
                  A 19950630 (199539)*
                                               6p
                                                     A61K035-78
PΙ
     CA 2112539
ADT
     CA 2112539 A CA 1993-2112539 19931229
PRAI CA 1993-2112539
                      19931229
IC
     ICM A61K035-78
          A61K007-40; A61K007-48
     TCS
          2112539 A UPAB: 19951004
AB
     Herbal lotion for curing skin cancer, allergies, eczema, burns, wounds and
     skin infections consist of water, 'Emulgade CLB', 95% cetyl alcohol,
     urea, vitamin C, lime or lemon, NaHCO3, TiO2, camomile, lavender,
     ginger, acetic acid and olive oil.
          USE - The compsn. is an antidote for skin toxins like CO2, styrene,
     benzene, toluene, benzoic acid or phenol, and it protects the skin from
     solar UV radiation, fungi, bacteria, germs and moulds (claimed). The
     compsn. cures skin cancer, itch, eczema, skin disease and burns, and
     prevents dryness of the skin.
     Dwg.0/1
FS
     CPI
FΑ
     AB; DCN
     CPI: B03-F; B04-A08; B04-B01C1; B05-A01B; B05-A03; B10-A13C; B10-C04E;
MC
          B10-E04D; B12-M02B; B14-G02A; B14-H01B; B14-M01; B14-N17; B14-R05;
          D08-B09A
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L114 ANSWER 13 OF 15 WPIX
                             COPYRIGHT 2001
                                               DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
     1994-269341 [33]
                        WPIX
ΑN
DNC
    C1994-123112
     Cosmetic to whiten skin - contg. extract of clove, green tea,
     mulberry bark and/or aloe etc. with urea and urea
     stabiliser.
     B04 D21
DC
PΑ
     (KAOS) KAO CORP
CYC
PΙ
     JP 06199646
                   A 19940719 (199433) *
                                                q8
                                                      A61K007-48
                                                                      <--
                   B2 19980611 (199828)
                                                                      <--
     JP 2764510
                                                q8
                                                      A61K007-48
     JP 06199646 A JP 1992-348612 19921228; JP 2764510 B2 JP 1992-348612
ADT
     19921228
FDT
     JP 2764510 B2 Previous Publ. JP 06199646
                      19921228
PRAI JP 1992-348612
     ICM A61K007-48
IC
     ICS
         A61K035-78
     JP 06199646 A UPAB: 19941010
AB
     Cosmetics contain (A) extract(s) of oleum aryophylli (clove), green
     tea, puerariae radix (pueraria root), mori cortex (mulberry bark),
     aloe and/or aurantii pericarpium (bitter orange peel) and/or glycyrrhizae
     radix (licorice root) and/or scutellariae radix (scutellaria root), (B)
     urea and (C) urea-stabilising agents.
          Pref. cosmetics contain 0.005-10% (A), 0.2-5% (B). The urea
     -stabiliser is e.g. lactic acid, aliphatic
     dicarboxylic acid, allantoin, ammonium cpds., aminocarboxylic acid (e.g.
     6-amino-n-caproic acid), amino acid (e.g. glycine) or
     nicotinic acid, (C) is added 10-100% to urea.
          USE/ADVANTAGE - The cosmetics have high stability and possess high
     skin permeability. They are used to whiten skin. The cosmetics are
     therefore useful in the prevention and treatment of birth marks, freckles,
     etc.
          In an example, glyceryl monostearate (5 wt.%), polyethylene glycol
     monostearate (2), squalane (8), stearyl alcohol (5), glyceryl trioctanoate
     (8), and dimethyl polysiloxane 50 cs (0.5) were melted at 80 deg.C. To
     this melt were added at 80 deg.C (5 wt.%) glycerin, citric acid (0.5),
     sodium citrate (0.5), licorice root extract (2), urea (1),
     6-amino-n-caproic acid, pure water, preservative and perfume. The whole
     was brought into an emulsion and cooled to room temp. with stirring to
     form a cosmetic cream.
     Dwg.0/0
FS
     CPI
FA
     AB; GI; DCN
     CPI: B04-A09; B10-A13C; B12-M02F; B12-M06; B14-N17; D08-B09A
MC
L114 ANSWER 14 OF 15 WPIX
                             COPYRIGHT 2001
                                               DERWENT INFORMATION LTD
     1994-188879 [23]
AN
                        WPIX
DNC
    C1994-086258
     Cosmetic, preventing skin chapping - comprises readily-alkali-soluble
TΙ
     melamine and/or e.g. moisture preservative, plant extract, tissue extract,
     antioxidant or e.g. ascorbic acid (deriv.).
     A96 D16 D21 E19
DC
PΑ
     (KOSE-N) KOSE KK; (KYOW) KYOWA HAKKO KOGYO KK
CYC
                   A 19940510 (199423)*
                                                9p
                                                      A61K007-48
                                                                      <--
PΙ
     JP 06128138
                   B2 20010827 (200152)
     JP 3202810
                                                9p
                                                      A61K007-48
                                                                      <--
     JP 06128138 A JP 1992-277190 19921015; JP 3202810 B2 JP 1992-277190
ADT
     19921015
FDT
     JP 3202810 B2 Previous Publ. JP 06128138
PRAI JP 1992-277190
                      19921015
     ICM A61K007-48
IC
         A61K007-00; A61K035-78; A61P017-16
AΒ
     JP 06128138 A UPAB: 19940727
     Cosmetic comprises easily alkali-soluble natural melamine and one or more
     components selected from (a) one or more moisture preservative components
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from hyaluronic acid and its salts, collagen and elastin; (b) one or more plant extracts from Scutellaria root, Phellodendri Cortex, lily, Angelicae radix, chinese milk vetch, arnica, camomile, birch and carrot; (c) one or more tissue extracts from deoxyribonucleic acid, yeast extract, bovine blood extract contg. no protein, lactic acid bacterium fermentation metabolite, and bovine thymus extract; (d) one or more antioxidant from vitamin E and its derivs., vitamin B2 and its derivs. and phospholipid; and (e) one or more substances from ascorbic acid and its derivs., kojic acid and its derivs., bovine placenta extract, hydroquinone derivs., glutathione, cystine derivs., mulberry bark extract and glycyrrhiza extract.

More specifically, the melamine produced by microorganisms is present in the amt. 0.1-5 wt.% based on the cosmetic.

 ${\tt USE/ADVANTAGE\ -\ Cosmetic\ has\ high\ safety\ to\ skin\ and\ prevents\ skin\ chapping.}$ 

In an example, stearic acid (2.5 wt.%), cetyl alcohol (1.6 wt.%), beeswax (1.5 wt.%), stearic acid monoglycerisd (0.8 wt.), sorbitan sesquioleate (0.3 wt.%), polyoxyethylene oleyl ether (20 E.O.) (0.6 wt.%) and liq. paraffin (10.0 wt.% were mixed and kept at 70 deg.C to give mixt. (A). 1,3-Butylene glycol (6.0 wt.%). triethanolamine (1.0 wt.%), melamine A produced by organism (0.5 wt.%), collagen (0.01 wt.%), preservative (0.2 wt.%) and pure water (residual amt.) were mixed and kept at 70 deg.C to give mixt. (B). Mixt. (A) was then emulsified in mixt. (B) and perfume (0.1 wt.%) was added to form an emulsion.

Dwg.0/0

FS CPI

FA AB; GI; DCN

MC CPI: A12-V04C; D05-C; D08-B09A; E05-G09D; E06-A01; E06-D17; E07-A02B; E07-A03C

L114 ANSWER 15 OF 15 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2001 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD

AN 1986-280515 [43] WPIX

DNC C1986-121161

TI Topical compsn. contg. luteolin and/or its glycoside(s) - for removing skin pigmentation and improving hair feel.

DC B02 D21

IN JEAM, D

PA (CARI-I) CARIEL L

CYC

PI FR 2578422 A 19860912 (198643) \* 19p

ADT FR 2578422 A FR 1985-3266 19850305

PRAI FR 1985-3266 19850305

IC A61K007-48; A61K035-78

AB FR 2578422 A UPAB: 19930922

Compsns. for topical application contain luteoline (I), i.e. 5,7,3',4'-tetrahydroxyflavone, and/or its glycosides. The active ingredient is (I) or its 7-glucoside and is present as an extract of a plant selected from Achillea millefolium, Matricaria chamomilla, Cnicus benedictus, Cynara scolymus, Mentha aquatica and Equisetum arvense.

The compsns. contain 0.1-5 wt.% (I) and 0.5-5 wt.% of a keratolytic agent, esp. lactic acid, together with a pH-regulating agent such as triethanolamine. The compsns. are formulated as creams, gels, lotions, milks, pomades, shampoos, emulsions, sprays, balms or sticks.

USES - The compsns. are useful for eliminating 'liver spots' caused by high melanin levels in the skin of elderly people, and for improving the feel of the hair.

0/0

FS CPI

FA AB

MC CPI: B06-A02; B12-A07; D08-B09A

## berman - 09/1/2 765606

	FILE '	'WPIX'	' I	ENTERED AT 08:29:58 ON 20 DEC 2001
			Ε	JP2000-20589/AP,PRN
L106		1	S	E3, E4
L107		1511	S	A61K007-48/IC, ICM, ICS AND A61K035-78/IC, ICM, ICS
L108		4	S	L107 AND SESQUITERPEN?
L109		2	S	L107 AND (NEROLIDOL OR CEDROL OR GUAIOL OR VETIVEROL OR SANTA
L110		144	S	L107 AND (CEDAR OR SANDALWOOD OR SANDAL WOOD OR VETIVER OR GI
L111		78	S	L107 AND (CEDRUS OR POGOSTEMMON? OR SANTALACEAE OR OSYRIS OR
L112		4	S	L108,L109
L113		200	S	L108-L112
L114		15	S	L113 AND (AMINOACID OR AMINO ACID OR ARGININE OR LACTIC ACID

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 08:39:27 ON 20 DEC 2001